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VOL. XXII NO. 127 BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, 1934 TWELVE PAGES

SOVIET SURPRISE FOR DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE

MOSLEY THEN AND NOW

Villiers Recalls What British Fascist Said At Calcutta

FEAR OF INDIA'S FUTURE

Not In White Paper But In Irresponsible Extravagancies Of Weathercocks.

LONDON, May 29.

The luncheon party at Calcutta four or five years ago was recalled by Mr. Edward Villers in a speech at Hitchin criticising Sir Oswald Mosley's attitude to India.

He said at the luncheon given to Sir Oswald Mosley when he was visiting India on behalf of the Socialist Party, Sir Oswald Mosley warned Indians not to accept any constitution from the Conservatives, but wait until the Socialists enjoyed real power when they would get everything they desired.

This same Mosley who was today talking about the White Paper handing over India to Indians was betraying Britain's crust. If there was fear for India's future it was not from White Paper, but rather from the irresponsible extravagancies of weathercock politicians, such as Mosley.—Reuter.

ANGLO-IRISH RELATIONS

Thomas Sees No "Earthly Use" In Opening Negotiations

LONDON, May 29.

In the House of Commons, referring to Mr. Mcentees' speech, Mr. Thomas welcomed its conciliatory tone and added: "Later speeches made in Ireland do not unfortunately seem to confirm any hope which may have been derived from Mr. Mcentees' statement. This notwithstanding, if a satisfactory basis of discussion can be found, we are ready at any time to negotiate with the Free State".

Urged to take the initiative, Mr. Thomas sad he had hoped that Mr. Mcentees' speech might be the opening, but within a week Mr. De Valera had said: "We will never pay". "What is the earthly use of my taking the initiative". —Reuter.

INDIAN COTTON IN LANCASHIRE

Runciman Answers Question In Commons

LONDON, May 29.

The first question on the reassembly of the House of Commons put by Mr. Chorlton related to the use of Indian cotton by Lancashire and also the prospects of increased Indian purchases from Lancashire.

Mr. Runciman replied that in the past year imports of Indian cotton had considerably increased. He had no doubt that as the use of Indian cotton increased, there would be an improving market for Lancashire textiles in India.—Reuter.

NO STATEMENT YET ON WAR DEBT PAYMENT

LONDON, May 29.

When the House of Commons re-assembled after the Whitsun recess, Mr. Neville Chamberlain announced that he was not yet in a postion to make a statement on the subject of the American debt payment, but hoped to do so shortly.—Reuter.

Turn It Into Body Of World Peace

Litvinoff Points Soviet Way As Best Solvent In Circumstances

U. S. ATTITUDE DEFINED

GENEVA, May 29.

The vital meeting of the general Disarmament Commission opened with all the familiar figures present Mr. Arthur Henderson in his presidential statement described that the present position of the Conference was really critical and appealed to the Commission not to allow itself to surrender to pessimism or abandon what was already attained. He recalled that considerable material had been collected during their two years' labours and urged that the work should be brought to a successful termination. He recognised that the task was rendered no easier by the fact that the general political atmosphere had hardly improved during the Conference.

ROOT OF PROBLEM.

Recent statements showed that agreement on air was the problem at the root of the whole disarmament question. There was no defence against aerial attack and aerial warfare was admittedly intended to develop against the civilian population. Referring to the importance of national security, Mr. Henderson said that the Conference must endeavour to restore general confidence in a system of collective international action against aggression such the League Covenant and other League treaties intended to create.

U. S. ATTITUDE.

An important suggestion was urged by Mr. Norman Davis who followed Mr. Henderson, namely, that the conference should return to the stage of negotiation where general agreement was in sisight, namely, 8th June 1933 when the British Draft Convention was accepted by all nations including Germany as the basis of future Convention. He could not easily believe if Germany desired a disarmament Convention she was not willing to resume negotiations on the basis to which she previously agreed. As regards the United States attitude Mr. Davis said that President Roosevelt had authorised him to summarise the U. S. policy as follows:—

The United States was prepared to co-operate in every way practicable in the efforts to secure a disarmament agreement.

They were further willing to negotiate a universal pact of non-aggression and join the Conference on international problems arising from any treaty whereto they were a party.

But the United States will not participate in European political negotiations or settlements or commit itself to use its armed forces for the settlement of dispute anywhere.

SOVIET PLAN.

M. Litvinoff rather surprised the Commission by suggesting the transformation of the conference into a permanent body concerned to preserve, by every possible means the security of all States and safeguard universal peace. It should give a timely response to the warnings of the impending danger of war and afford the threatened States which put out "S.O.S." timely aid whether moral, economic, financial or otherwise. M. Litvinoff thought that no progress was possible in the matter of disarmament and urged the system of non-aggression pacts concluded by the Soviet which defined aggression and included practical proposals for sanctions against aggressors. A graduated scale of sanctions might be established without going far as military measures.

The commission adjourned till to-morrow.

SUGAR RESEARCH IN INDIA

Central Institute Will Be Established In Cawnpore

SIMLA, May 29.

The "Associated Press" understands that the Government of India have decided to establish a Central Sugar Research Institute for India at Cawnpore by taking over and expanding the Harcourt Butler Technological Institute there. It is estimated that the capital expenditure required will not exceed two lakhs and the recurring expenditure of Institute will be about three lakhs per annum. The Institute is at present owned by the United Provinces Government and it is believed that they will have no objection to dispose of the buildings.

PRESENT SCHEME.

The scheme now decided upon is considerably cheaper one than the second alternative originally proposed, namely, to acquire land and construct a building for establishing an independent Institute at a cost of 15 1|2 lakhs o rupees. The advantage of scheme now adopted, that is, establishing an institute by converting the Butler Technological Institute at Cawnpore, is that it will save not only considerable amount o money, but also the time that would be taken for constructing new buildings.

ITS ORIGIN.

The idea of Central Institute was mooted in 1920 by the Sugar Industry Committee which pointed out that no progress in the matter of sugar production was possible without an organisation like a Central Institute as in Java with modifications suited to Indian conditions. The Tariff Board which, at the instance of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, examined the case of protection for Indian Sugar Industry in 1930, endorsed the view of the Sugar Committee of 1920.

PROGRAMME OF INSTITUTE

Acting on these recommendations, the Sugar Committee of the Council last year approved of the principle of establishing a Central Research Institute and recommended that the Vice-Chairman of the Council should appoint a sub-Committee to examine the matter. This sub-Committee proposed two alternative schemes, one of which, the cheaper, has been accepted. The programme of this Institute will include:—

(1) Research in Indian sugar factory problems and sugar technology with specific reference to Indian conditions,

(2) Research and utilisation of by-products of sugar industry,

(3) Provision of scientific assistance to factories which needed it and supplement the work of their own factory-engineers and chemists,

(4) Carrying out extended tests on new varieties of cane,

(5) Collection and tabulation of scientific returns from factories,

(6) Advice to Indian factories where needed,

(7) Constant study of working of sugar factories and comparison of individual factory results with results obtained in other countries,

(8) Demonstration of new and improved plants and processes,

(9) Training students in all branches of sugar technology, and

(10) Short refersher course for men already engaged in the sugar industry.

THE ADVANTAGES.

The advantages of establishing the Institute at Cawnpore are enhanced by the fact that the Sugar Bureau and Sugar Technologists are already there. Besides certain extensions and alterations needed for the Technological Institute, there will be an engineering laboratory attached to it.

STRIKE THREAT IN AMERICA

Textile Labour Leader's Prediction

IF OUTPUT WERE CUT DOWN BY 20 P. C.?

NEW YORK, May 29.

Strike of 300,000 cotton operatives is threatening according to Mr. Francis O'Gorman, textile labour leader, who has predicted that men would strike if N.R.A. order to cut down the output by 20 per cent were carried out.

"There won't be a cotton mill open throughout the country" declared Mr. O'Gorman. The object of the curtailment of production which will be enforced on June 4 is to reduce the maximum use of cotton machinery for 80 to 60 hours per week.—Reuter's Special.

DR. ROY ON AWARD CONTROVERSY

Says Parliamentary Board Hos Not Considered Question Yet

SHILLONG, May 29.

Commenting on the statements recently issued from Benares by Pandit Malaviya and Mr. M S Aney in the course of a press statement Dr. B C Roy says:

"These are intended to prove something which has never been disputed. They have obviously been made on supposition that the parting message of Dr. Ansari with reference to the Communal Award might give rise to some misunderstanding that the Congress Parliamentary Board had decided this question in the way Dr. Ansari had suggested.

"As Dr. Ansari is not in India I feel it is my duty to point out that nowhere in his statement does Dr. Ansari claim that the Congress Parliamentary Board or the Congress itself has expressed any opinion on the issue of the Communal Award.

"It is the clear opinion of Dr. Ansari on the issue of the Communal Award. It is clear that Dr. Ansari only gave his own opinion and he has left no room for any other meaning. This is bound to come up before the next meeting of the Congress Parliamentary Board and I am sure all members thereof will take up this knotty question not influenced by whatever any individual member might hold."—United Press.

Save Poor Workers From Starvation

Nariman's Appeal For Immediate Relief Of Strikers

Sjt. K. F. Nariman has issued the following appeal:—

Without entering into the merits or demerits of the dispute between the millowners and the workers, I earnestly appeal to all philanthropic and charitably inclined associations, institutions and citizens, to extend their help and co-operation, in the purely humanitarian work of relieving the distress of thousands of suffering humanity.

CRUEL STARVATION.

As a result of personal observations during almost daily rounds in the affected areas, I wish to assure all, without exaggeration, that thousands of poor workers and their families including little innocent children are faced with cruel starvation and dire want; hundreds are daily falling into the cruel clutches of relentless Pathan and Marwari money-lenders, who are hovering about the place like evil spirits and ghosts, extorting exhorbitant rates and stripping them of their last possession.

Surely Bombay, that has come to the rescue of distant Japan and nearer Bihar, will not allow her own poor citizens to be almost starved unto death.

WANTED IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

It is urgently necessary to immediately start relief centres where grains and other bare requisites and necessaries of life, including milk for the children, could be supplied under the supervision of control of responsible volunteers.

I feel confident that this earnest appeal will not fall on deaf ears but the various associations and numerous wealthy citizens, famed for their generosity and kindness, will readily respond, so that in the course of this week Relief Centres for distribution of food and necessaries of life may be opened in most affected areas.

INTERNATIONAL SOLIDARITY OF WORKERS

CALCUTTA, May 29.

Mr. Sher Khan, President of the Port and Dock Workers' Union, has received a letter from Mr. Reginald Bridgeman, Secretary of the League Against Imperialism conveying his fraternal greetings on behalf of the International Secretariat of the League, saying:—

"We pledge ourselves to the joint struggle of India's freedom, movement of free speech, right of assembly, independent trade union and political organisation."

The letter further says that the League is doing what it can to give support to the textile workers in India now on strike against the decision of their employers to cut wages and hopes that the members of other unions in India and outside will lend their support in their struggle against exploitation and curtailment of their rights as organised workers.

This is the occasion when it is essential to demonstrate to the world the international solidarity of the workers of all lands.—United Press.

FALL IN JUTE PRICES

Overproduction Theory Is Discredited By Research Council

SIMLA, May 29.

"The real cause of decline in exports of jute is that international trade in agricultural produce has shrunk since the depression and in the absence of commodities to transport there is no demand for containers," says a press note on jute issued by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research. The note declares, "perhaps nothing illustrates more strikingly the effect of depression on prices of agricultural commodities than jute," and continues.

"Here is an article which has, since the Crimean War when the world was cut off from Russia's flax supplies, occupied the pride of place as the world's packing medium, given work to 94 mills with 60,000 looms and brought in to the Bengal cultivator crores of Rupees every year amounting in bumper years to as much as 70 crores, a sum which when distributed amongst the population of Bengal will give a div.dend of Rs. 15 to every man, woman and child. For thirty years the harvest price of jute has been steadily on the increase."

In the face of steady increase in prices in thirty years from 1900, it seems difficult to maintain that there has been overproduction in the past but there has been a dispute on this point. There is general agreement, however, that in the face of limited world demand it is necessary to restrict production. As to whether such restriction should be voluntary or compulsory there is difference of opinion How the reduced area is to be utilised is another problem.

Sugarcane can replace jute to the small extent of say about one hundred thousand acres, but great proportion of land liberated from jute would have to go under rice and in view of the slump in the rice makes it a doubtful policy to add to the acreage in rice. Even as it is, rice occupies as much as 78 per cent of the cultivated area in Bengal, jute coming next with 5.8 per dent.—A. P.

MARCH ON SANAA

Ibn Saud Orders Offensive Against Capital Of Yemen

CAIRO, May 29.

Ibn Saud has ordered the offensive against Sanaa, Capital of Yemen, to begin at dawn to-day. Ibn Saud's troops at present in Hodeida have to cross 150 miles of desert and climb 7000 feet before reaching Sanaa. The offensive is expected to be launched in three fronts. Meantime the Yemen Goverment has withdrawn all troops and concentrated them round Sanaa.—Reuter.

CLASSES FOR DETENUS

Camps Will Be Turned Into Schools For Commercial Education

GOVERNMENT SCHEME

Training For Terrorists To Fit Them Up To Earn Living When Released.

CALCUTTA, May 29.

The Associated Press understands that the Government of Bengal will soon introduce a course of training for detenus with a view to helping them to get themselves better fitted to earn their livelihood when released. There will be three classes of 40 students each in shorthand; bookkeeping and typewriting for selected detenus who have passed at least the Matriculation examination. Students will have to take all three subjects.

The classes will be subject to the general supervision of the Principal of the Government Commercial Institute. Calcutta and will be under the general control of the Director of Public Instruction. Students will, however, be under the immediate control and authority of the Commandant of the Camp.

If any student is released before he has completed his course which will last ten months, he will be eligible to continue his studies at the Government Commercial Institute in Calcutta. The initial cost of scheme will be over Rs. 26,000 and recurring cost about Rs. 75000 per annum.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

MAHATMA AND TEMPLE SATYAGRAHA

KENDRAPARA, May 29.

In an exclusive interview with the "Associated Press" Mahatma Gandhi replied to a question whether he would support the untouchables if they started satyagraha for the vindication of their right of entry into public temples and whether untouchables had the inalienable right to worship in public temples. Mahatma Gandhi said:—

"I do believe that Harijans have as much right to worship in public temples as any other Hindus. But I could never be a party to use of force in order to vindicate that right. Satyagraha has come to signify many things. I should, therefore, want to know the nature of Satyagraha to be offered. And, in any case, Satyagraha by the Harijans would not be advisable while the reformers were trying their utmost to persuade the orthodox to waive their objections".

Asked whether he would give any lead regarding the entry of untouchables into the Puri Jagannath temple, Gandhjj replied:

"I know the importance of the temple at Puri being open to Harijans, as it certainly was years ago, and as I know from first-hand evidence that it has always been so long as the Harijans have gone without asserting their rights. But I have no lead to give about opening the temple beyond this tnat public opinion should be cultivated in that behalf.'

NO BENGAL VISIT.

KENDRAPARA, May 29.

Utkal leaders are conferring here regarding the formation of a Congress Parliamentary Party in this part of the province. It is definitely learnt that Gandhiji will not visit Bengal in connection with his Harijan tour during June. The Calcutta visit is not included in his month's programme.

TABULATED ADLETS

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9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—Typist Clerk for general work, any nationality. Apply with lowest pay and qualification to Box No. 2461, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Immediately Teacher Graduate with English Honours and Sanskrit and another Mahomedan Graduate Persian Teacher. Apply Asiatic Service Bureau, Fourth floor, Ismail Building, 381, Hornby Road. (2472)

Wanted — Two Graduates with special training in Montessori methods. Salary Rs. 60-10-2-140. Apply with testimonials to Vidyadhikari, Baroda State, before 7th June, 1934. (8462).

There will be a few vacancies (for students) at the Bai Kabibai Boarding at Nasik from the beginning of the next College Term in June. Free Boarding and Lodging will be provided to deserving and poor Hindu students. Preference will be given to Gujaratis. Apply stating the results of the last examination, with the number of marks obtained in each subject to the Trustees, Bai Kabibai Charity Trust, 26, Bora Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. (8451).

Wanted for Overseas and Bombay—Stenographers, Qualified and Competent Accountants, Sub-Assistant Surgeons, Compounders, Electrical and Mechanical Engineers, Permanent Way Inspectors, Yard Foremen and Erectors. Apply to P. Dubash & Co., Recruiting Contractors, 285, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay. (2395).

Applications with testimonials stating age, experience and minimum salary expected, are invited for the posts of (1) Professor (or Lecturer) of English, (2) Professor (or Lecturer) of History and Economics, (3) Professor (or Lecturer) of Persian and Urdu, and (4) Demonstrator in Physics for the M.T.B. College, Surat; they should reach the Principal on or before 5th June. At least a high Second Class at the M.A. is necessary for the first three posts. Appointments will be till 31st March, 1935, at least in the first instance. (8340).

Wanted by the Tropical Insurance Co. Ltd. Secretary for Branch to be established at Hubli. Salary Rs. 150/200 according to abilities plus travelling and all office expenses. Applicants capable of securing sound organisation and guaranteed business and willing to deposit cash security up to Rs. 2,000 need only apply to Head Office, P.O. Box 130, Delhi. (8415)

Wanted urgently Lady Doctors, Qualified Nurses, B. P. N. A. Teachers, B. A. B. T., S. T. C., B.Sc., B.Ag., Lady companions, Stanographers knowing Accounts. Apply stating salaries—Certificates Box No. 1000, "Bombay Chronicle." (2458)

Wanted a clerk, knowing bookkeeping. Apply with qualifications Box No. 2456, "Bombay Chronicle".

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A Hindu Graduate seeks employment in any capacity. Please write to Box No. 130, "Bombay Chronicle."

Accountant with 12 years experience seeks employment in any firm. Knows typing. Best references. Box No. 131, "Bombay Chronicle."

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To Let—Very Large Shop, floor space over 3,000 square feet, with excellent show windows and frontage. Very reasonable rent. Apply Box No. 2463, "Bombay Chronicle."

At Specially Reduced Rents For Catholics, nice airy Rooms with electric lights in Dias Buildings, Grant Road Cross Lane, near Station. Centrally situated. Apply A. R. Dias, opp. Clock Tower. (2473)

Airy well lighted single, double rooms, attached baths, independent water, electricity, children playgrounds in healthiest new buildings of Cassum Mitha. Rent Rs. 8→12—20 and 30. Near B. B. Rly Station, Lower Parel, Ferguson Road. Apply on premises or Phone 20656 after 2 p.m. (2381)

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Wanted—A big room by a Consulting Specialist, near Flora Fountain and Bori Bunder. Lift essential. Write with particulars and rent to Box No. 128, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A Shade for storing timber near Bhindi Bazaar and Mahomedali Road. Rent must be cheap. Write to Box No. 129, "Bombay Chronicle."

26. BOARDING HOUSES.

Sha Hurgowan Anandji Desai's Charities Free Boarding Institution—Opening ceremony of the newly built Hostel at Matunga (near G. I. P. Rly. Station) is to take place on Saturday, the 2nd June, 1934, at 5 p.m. (S.T.). All the past and present students of the Institution are cordially invited to be present. Manilal K. Desai, Secretary. (8466).

44. MEDICAL.

Ankhi Khoosh Eye Drop, guaranteed cure for Ophthalmia (Conjunctivitis) and eye troubles in infants and old. A boon for students, travellers, cinema goers. Recommended by All India Blind Relief Association. At Kemp & Co., Akbarally, Popular Pharmacy, Perry & Co., Thomson & Taylor, etc. 7796A

31. MOTORCARS FOR SALE

Ford 1932 Tourer, in excellent condition. Brand new tyres. Rs. 2,500. No offers. Apply Box No. 127, "Bombay Chronicle."

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Sheth Goculdas Tejpal High School will re-open on Monday, 11th June, 1934. New students, seeking admission should see the Principal from Tuesday, 5th June between 11 A.M. and 2 P.M. (2460).

Decide now or never. Cambridge French and Latin classes to be started 1st June by experienced professors of ten and twenty years standing respectively. Efficient coaching—wide choice of languages—special arrangement for ladies. Postal tuition wonderfully novel and attractive. Senior Cambridge Institute, opp. Amin Nursery, Girgaum Back. (2480).

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Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

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103. LIVE STOCK

Jersey Black Giants are laying wonderfully enormous sized eggs. A trio arrived from England just last December is offered at a great sacrifice. Other Breeds of English and American Poultry also going at greatly reduced prices on account of off season. Leghorns, Minorcas, Australorps, Rhode Island Reds, Barred Plymouth Rocks and beautiful little Bantam fowls are fully described in our Clearance Circular. Send to-day for a Free copy. The Asian Poultry Farm, No. 11, Connaught Road, Poona.

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Kulu Cherries, 6lb. Basket Rs. 4 4 as. All charges paid. Dobi-Kutbai Estate, Kulu, Punjab.

149. PHOTOGRAPHY.

Photographs of Indian Nationalist Leaders. True and attractive pictures. Apply Box No. 126 "Bombay Chronicle."

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IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the travelling public that the following services will be maintained during the Monsoon period, carrying cargo and passengers:—

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A Diploma of L.D.Sc. (Bombay) will be awarded after an Examination by the Examining Board of the College.

Registration opens from May 15th. For Prospectus please apply: To the DEAN, B. Y. L. Nair Hospital Dental College, Lamington Road North, near Central Station, Bombay 8. 8388

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY NO. 241 of 1933.

Re: CHANDULAL CHUNILAL PARIKH, CHIMANLAL MANUBHAI PARIKH and KANTILAL MANUBHAI PARIKH, all of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, residing at No. 88, Cathedral Street. Till lately carrying on business in partnership as Commission Agents under the name of Messrs. Manubhai Premanandas till 1930 and now in the service of Jethalal S. Shah, Haji Abdulla Ibrahim and Shankarlal Jethalal, respectively:

..... Insolvents

NOTICE is hereby given that the abovenamed Insolvents have applied to the Court for their discharge and that the Court has fixed the 7th August, 1934, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 24th day of May, 1934
M. M. KOTHARE,
For Insolvency Registrar.
8465

BIRTH CONTROL

Judges, Magistrates and Doctors, etc., of all provinces of India after 10 years' use of F. P. Pills comparingly declare it the most harmless and sure of all contraceptives(country-made or foreign, as it unfailingly postpones conception, keeping menses normal and health sound. Write for their opinions and details. Price for 4 months' use Rs. 2|4.
Dr. M. BOSE, B.A., M.D,H., B.L.
Saidpur (Rangpur), Bengal.

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The above is on view. A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of Sale.

Catalogues are ready.

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If you are out for a show better come and see.

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Sagar's Social Picture
Directed by:
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DURGADAS BANERJEE
KRISHNA CHANDRA DEY
AMAR MULLICK
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MINERVA TALKIES
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FROM 2nd JUNE 1934

The Grand Armada of Joy Steams into Port for Three Days only!
DON'T MISS THE FESTIVAL OF LAUGHTER, SONG AND LOVE
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DAILY THREE SHOWS
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HIT THE DECK
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JACK OAKIE
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Breath-taking scenes in TECHNICOLOUR
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THE NAME
KRISHNA
Has been a Blessing To Humanity So will
KRISHNA
To
BOMBAY CINE-GOERS.

GOHAR
AND
GRETA GARBO
SEE RANJIT'S
GunSundari
Starring Gohar—E. Billimoria.
One and the only star of the Cast whose personality is an asset to the Indian Film Industry
One and the only star of the West whose personality has appealed to millions.
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They have controlled record breaking audiences at both the ends of Bombay the beautiful
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GAURANTEED CURE.

Please ask for "Divine Gifts" with the details of your disease and the name of your birthday. Mrs. Amiyabala Devi, "Amiya-Kutir", Dinajpur (Bengal).

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The MAGIC HEALER
for all skin troubles, sores, blisters, cuts, sprains, Insect bites etc.
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Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

It is given to the Atank Nigrah Pills to revive hopes of Life among those who look aged though young.

A Leading Tonic

Rupee One per tin (32 Pills)

Atank Nigrah Pharmacy

Jamnagar—Kathiawar

Bombay Branch: Kalbadevi Road.

Rs. 6335 IN FRAUD CHARGE

Police Allege Fraud In Hundi Transactions And Arrest Three

Sub-Inspector Pednekar of the Bombay C.I.D., produced (1) Harakchand Nemchand Baldota, (2) Bhagwan Sambhuappa Ghongde and (3) Laxmidas Raghavji Bhate.

The three were arrested at Barsi Taluka and sent to Bombay to answer a charge of cheating in respect of a sum of Rs. 6,335 which they had obtained by false impersonation and as a result of a criminal conspiracy.

The accused were ordered to be remanded into custody except the second accused who was released on a bail of Rs. 5,000.

The accused Harakchand is alleged to have come to Bombay in April last and visited the firm of Liladhar Muljl, Hundi Merchants at Masjid Bunder, and negotiated certain business. He introduced himself as "Walchand Hirachand," partner of Pandharinath Ramchandra Rashinkar of Sholapur.

Subsequently it was alleged on April 19 the firm of Liladhar Muljl received two hundis for Rs. 3,372 and Rs. 2,963, respectively purporting to come from Sholapur and drawn by "P. R. Rashinkar" on two Mahomedan merchants in Bombay. The Bombay merchants received telegrams from Bangalore, purporting to come from their Head Office requesting the Bombay firm to honour the drafts. This was done and the first accused presented a letter and received the money.

The Bombay C.I.D. made inquiries and the accused were traced to Barsi and arrested.

It is alleged that as a result of a conspiracy among the 3 accused this alleged fraud was perpetrated on the Bombay firm.

ENTERED THROUGH VENTILATOR

Burglary At Napean Sea Road

After a lull of nearly a year, burglers have again begun to pay their midnight visits to Malabar Hill and the vicinity. The flat of a Muslim gentleman was visited by one of the fraternity on Monday night and the occupant of the flat discovered the next morning that property worth of Rs. 631 were missing.

The occupant was surprised to find things missing, in spite of the fact that the door, which had been bolted from inside, remained intact.

The Gamdevi Police were communicated with in the morning and they are investigating into the matter. None has been arrested in this connection.

It will be remembered that, there was an epidemic of cat-burglaries o nMalarbar Hill in 1933, when the burglars publicmen and financiers of the city.

After nearly six months' work, the Gamdevi Police with the help of the C.I.D. were able to bring to book the culprits. Since then, there has not been any case of burglary worth mentioning.

On Monday night, Mr. Sultan Abdulla Fazalbhoy, a merchant, living on the first floor of the Putla Mansions, off Nepean Sea Road, went to bed late after bolting the outside door.

When he got up on Tuesday morning, he discovered that his coat, a very valuable gold watch and chain and a money purse had been removed. He was not able to make out how the burglar got into the flat, as the doors which had been bolted from inside, were intact.

The Gamdevi Police were communicated with and Inspector Vanjara, Deputy Inspector Hewson and Sub-Inspector Savant went to the place and carried on enquiries.

On investigation, the Police were able to gather that the burglar got entrance into the flat through the ventilator above the front door, which had not been bolted from inside.

The burglar is alleged to have got hold of the coat, which was hanging near at hand and contained the gold watch, chain and the purse and made good his escape, without attempting to carry on further investigations.

The Police have been able to get the finger impressions of the burglar which, the latter had left behind on the door.

The Police are confident about bringing the culprit to book.

The Bhavnagar State is building a new hotel at a cost of about Rs. 60,000 for purposes of accommodating European and other distinguished guests. The State will manage the Hotel departmentally.

RAID ON TURKISH BATH

Vigilance Branch Send Bogus Customers To Nanabhai Lane

Miss Elizabeth Gilbert, proprietoress of the "Electro Therapeutic Institute"—a Turkish Bath—was arrested by the officers of the Vigilance Department on Monday evening at Nanabhai Lane, Fort, on a charge of living on the earnings of prostitutes.

The accused was placed before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Tuesday and ordered to be remanded into Police custody till June 7.

The Police alleged that, on receiving certain information, two bogus customers were sent to the Turkish Bath of the accused on Monday. The accused procured two girls for the customers and received payment. The money was marked by the Police and when a raid was carried out, the marked coins were found with the accused.

Mr. Sargon applied for bail which was rejected by the Magistrate.

TONY-MEN AT LOGGERHEADS

Twelve Persons Arrested On Charge Of Assault

Ismail Yusuf and 11 other Mohamedan Tonymen who were arrested by the Yellow Gate Police on Monday were placed before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court on Tuesday. They were ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 50 with one surety in like amount each.

The accused were arrested on a complaint of assault made by six Ghatis who are also Tonymen. It was alleged that, as the Hindus carried away most of the business in fruit carrying, the Mahomedan Tonymen were annoyed and on Monday morning when the Ghatis were going to work they were assaulted.

ORDERS RESERVED IN GAMBLING CASE

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, May 29.

Orders were reserved till June 5 by the Resident Magistrate of Kurla in a gambling case in which Prushottam Bhimji Thakkar, of Ghatkopar, Virji Khimji, Tulshiram Yamnaji, Mahomed Suleman, Janmahomed Abdul Shukai, K. Lakshman and S. Nazir Mahomed, (the last six of Kurla) pleaded guilty to the charge of gaming brought by the Kurla police, who had arrested eight persons, including the above seven accused, following a raid on a room in Lalji Deuraj building at Kurla on the night of May 24 last.

The case against Punshi Teju, who claimed to be tried, was also fixed for hearing on June 6.

Knocked Down By Engine

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, May 29.

Having been knocked down by a shunting engine (coming from Mumbra side) at about 10 on Sunday night, while she was crossing the rail track near the Ittawa bridge, a Hindu fisherwoman, aged about 30, succumbed to the injuries sustained by her within a few hours of admission to the Civil hospital, Thana.

A verdict of accidental death was returned at the inquest held yesterday on her body.

"NIPPON" INSTEAD OF "JAPAN"

Japan Political Parties Suggest Change In Name

By a curious coincidence, the two major political parties in Japan, the Seiyukai and the Minseito, have agreed upon discarding once and for all the title of "Japan" in place of the correct name of "Nippon."

The propositions of the same purport intending to unify the name of the Island Empire under "Nippon" have been advanced to Parliament by members of the two major parties it is reported.

The sponsors of the propositions argue that the Great "Nippon" Empire is the right name explicitly mentioned in the constitution and all official documents, and that various nicknames and corruptions such as "Japan," "Japon" should be abandoned.

In these propositions, they urge the Government to declare the title of "Nippon" to the world.

Like propositions were sponsored at the 52nd and 59th sessions of the Diet and were adopted, it is said. But, the carrying out of the propositions has been delayed up to the present.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

4 Per Cent. Loan, 1934-37

Will be repaid in full on the 16th August 1934.

HYDERABAD STATE CORRESPONDENCE

Urdu Must Be Used

(From A Correspondent).

HYDERABAD, May 27.

The Nawab Salar Jung Bahadur who had been to Vienna for reasons of health has returned to Hyderabad after an absence of nearly five months. The Nawab looks hale and hearty and has considerably improved in health. This nobleman is decidedly the most popular figure in the intellectual and social circles of Hyderabad. His happy return, therefore, has been greeted by one and all.

* * * *

Nawab Turab Yar Jung Bahadur, son of the late Nawab Behramuddowlah of cricket fame, has been elected president of the Hyderabad Cricket Association, of which Nawab Moinuddowla Bahadur is the patron-founder. Mr. S. M. Hadi, the well-known athlet and Indian Davis Cup player has been elected secretary of the Association.

Cricket in Hyderabad should now get a great impetus, in view of the formation of a responsible body to promote its interests, I hope similar associations will be set up to control, guide and encourage other games such as tennis, hockey, and football. Hyderabad was once noted for its football, but of late interest in that game is dying out; a fact, which was noted even by Nawab Mehdi Yar Jung Bahadur in his convocation address to the Osmania University. Government have sanctioned a sum of rupees four lakhs for play grounds. When they are ready, let us hope that sports in Hyderabad will attract a larger number of participants and the standard of games will also improve.

Talking about sports, one cannot help noticing that the standard of racing in this State is very poor, as compared with even such centres as Bangalore and Kolhapur in the south or Lahore and Lucknow in the north. Government are obviously not alive to the value of racing as an impetus to horse-breeding.

* * * *

Miss Zahra Taki, daughter of Mr. Syed Mohummed Taki, engineer of H. E. H. the Nizam's P. W. D. has passed the senior Cambridge examination with distinction in seven subjects, standing first in Persian in whole of the United Kingdom. A good achievement for a girl of 18!

* * * *

I have long been wondering why should almost every department maintains an English section. Why cannot all correspondence be carried on in Urdu, which is the State language as also the University language. An English section may be excusable in departments where the Head happens to be an Englishman. But Indian Heads of the departments have no excuse at all for allowing the use of English in their departments. The worst culprits in this respect are the P. W. D. and the departments of Finance and Commerce and Industries.

The Urdu language, thanks to the Osmania University, can boast of being the most advanced and well equipped vernacular in India. It has equivalents for almost all technical terms. It is rich in expressions and in suffixes and prefixes. It is understood by almost all Hyderabadis who have anything to do with public offices. I, therefore, feel that it should be made compulsory for every department to transact its business in this vernacular. The use of English should be severely discouraged. No department should be impowered to allow the use of English, without the express sanction of the Ruler. Even if Englishmen must be appointed, only such should be chosen as are well versed in Urdu. A Firman on this subject is very much called for. Insistence on the use of Urdu in all departments, besides being a step in the right direction, would be a sound measure of economy, both in time and money.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN THE PRICES OF

GODREJ Toilet Soaps

All varieties of Godrej Toilet Soaps are GUARANTEED FREE FROM ANIMAL FATS, imported or indigenous.

TO give the users of the Toilet Soaps made by Godrej Soaps, Ltd., the benefit of the present exceptionally low prices of vegetable oils, the prices of all varieties have been greatly reduced.

GODREJ'S HELIO BRAND SOAPS

A new variety of Toilet Soaps, viz. Helio Brand Soap has been on the market for some time and is very favourably received by the discriminating public. A trial is sure to convince the most fastidious users of the excellent qualities of this new brand.

GODREJ SANDAL SOAPS

Godrej Sandal Soaps are heavily perfumed with Mysore Sandal Oil and weigh very much more than any other Sandal Soap, Indian or Foreign, and yet its price is lower than any of them.

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KARNATAKA AURORA CREAM:—

A non-greasy toilet preparation that masters the hair and keeps the head cool and pleasant. This Preparation once used by anyone will be used always.

KARNATAKA SNOW:—

An Elegant toilet preparation which provides the best means of preserving the natural beauty and complexion.

CREMOR LIMONIS:—

The most popular hair dressing. A small quantity applied to the head imparts a very cooling and pleasant sensation and keeps the head cool for a long time.

Manufacturers:—

KARNATAKA CH. & PH. WORKS, LTD.

45, Princess Street, BOMBAY, 2.

Stockists:

BILL & CO., Dispensing Chemists, Dadar,
GENERAL STORES, Matunga (G. I. P.),
KHAR MEDICAL STORES, Khar.

"BULLY OF NEIGHBOURHOOD"

Magistrate Takes Bond From Man Who Flourished Belt

A middle-aged man named Maaruti Sakharam who was charged with criminal intimidation by flourishing a belt at Govind Shivram, a clerk in the employ of the Praklad Mill was fined Rs. 10 (in default two week R I) on Monday by the Presidency Magistrate, Dadar. The accused pleaded guilty.

In sentencing the accused the Magistrate remarked that the accused was a bully in the neighbourhood and as such he should execute a bond for good behaviour under Section 106 I P C for a period of six months.

It was alleged that the accused had threatened to assault the complainant if he continued to work in the mills.

A goods train was derailed on the Rangoon-Prome line, between Nattalin and Zigon yesterday at 10 p.m. Fortunately both the driver and the fireman escaped uninjuried. A special train has left for the place of accident from Rangoon to-day.

HIS SEVENTH CONVICTION

Yeshwant Zilloo, with six previous convictions, was sentenced on Tuesday to 18 months' R.I. for having removed the anklets of Nimboo Mahadev's step-daughter. He was also ordered by Mr. G. R. Khairaz, to report himself daily for two years to the police, after the lapse of the term of imprisonment.

A committee, representing all nationalities has been formed at Rangoon with the Mayor of Rangoon as the Chairman.

Last Three Days to See

'MOULIN ROUGE'

The Musical-Dancing-Singing Extravaganza.

Daily: 6-30; 10 p.m.

from SATURDAY NEXT

A Classic of Literature—
A Classic of the Silent Screen.

SORRELL AND SON

Now as a

BRITISH TALKIE

The powerfully emotional appeal of this famous story, which made the silent film a world success five years ago, is even more apparent in the Talkie version.

H. B. WARNER

simply tugs at the heart-strings in

SORRELL AND SON

the paternal drama of a truly noble father

An epic of Love's agonies and blessings.

A British & Dominions Production Released through United Artists at the

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Plans Now Open—Book Early.

NEW THEATRES LTD.'S (Calcutta) HINDI JEWEL PRODUCTION

CHANDIDAS

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10TH GLORIOUS WEEK

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MINERVA

TALKIES

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India's and New Theatres Ltd.'s 1st Cartoon

ON A MOONLIT NIGHT

Daily at 5-30, 8 & 10-30 p.m.

To-night is the best time when you can enjoy these super productions

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS.

Steamers	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Hakodate Maru	5303	30 May	5 June
*Ginyo Maru	9000	31 May	12 June
Tokiwa Maru	6972	17 June	26 June
Toyama Maru	7090	30 June	13 July.
Tottori Maru	5973	18 July	27 July

*Passenger steamer with excellent accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS.

	Tons	Leave Colombo
Kashima Maru	10000	29 May.
Yasukuni Maru	12000	9 June

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

	Tons	Leave Colombo
Terukuni Maru	12000	4 June.
Hakusan Maru	10500	20 June.

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

	Tons	Leave Hongkong
Tatsuta Maru	17000	20 June
Asama Maru	17000	4th July.

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

	Tons	Leave Kobe
Heian Maru	11600	23 June
Hikawa Maru	11600	16 July.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Cox's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Phone No. 20279:
Telegrams: "YUSEN."

Reward Rs. 500

Mahatta Pradatta Miraculous Herb. The mere sight of it cures atonce serious scorpion bites and the bites of hornets and bees also. Cured laks of sufferers and keeps it for hundreds of years and its efficiency is unaffected. Price Re. 1 per root. Reward of Rs. 500 if proved fallible. B. Brij Nandan Shahai, B.A.B.L., Advocate of Patna High Court writes. "It can be used for curing hundreds. It is an innocent herb and deserves public patronage".

Vaidyaraj Akhil Kishore Ram,
P.O. Katrisarai, No. 22 (Gaya).

Marketing Research Scheme

Agricultural Council Plans For Team Work Between The Centre & Provinces

SIMLA, May 24.

"Marketing restarch demands team-work and the full and loyal co-operation between the Provinces and the Central body. To avoid overlapping, however, and to secure the maximum effectiveness of all the parties concerned, within the shortest possible time, it is desirable that there should be central co-ordination. It is proposed therefore that a central staff should at once be appointed by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research to which Provincial Marksing Officers may look for direction and assistance in their work" says the draft of the Scheme for Marketing Research prepared for consultation with the Members of the Sub-Committee of the Advisory Board of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research on or about the 6th June at Simla.

The scheme falls generally into two parts (1) Investigation and (2) Development.

INVESTIGATION.

This work consists in the execution and compilation of marketing surveys which will present a deatiled picture of existing conditions in degard to each commodity. These surveys should enable conclusions and recommendations to be made for improvements in marketing and should point to the nature and form of any organiation or legislation which may be necessary to give effect to the desired improvements.

The onus of this work, particularly so far as the compilation is concerned, will fall mainly on the central staff since the surveys will cover not only provinrial trade but inter-provincial inter-State and foreign trade as well. The Central staff should, however, be entitled to look to the provincial marketing officers for their co-operation to the maximum extent possible in assembling the necessary facts.

DEVELOPMENT.

This will be found generally to fall into three parts:—

(a) Demonstration. (b) Standardsation and (c) Organisation.

(A) DEMONSTRATION.

This work will consist in practical demonstration (at agricultural shows and other suitable places) of the conclusions and improvements suggested by the marketing surveys.

(B) STANDARDISATION.

This will consist in securing the observance by the parties concerned of any standards which may be adopted and will involve also a mtasure of supervision in certain cases even although the standards adopted may be purely voluntary. (Standardisation would cover also adulteration).

(C) ORGANISATION.

This may consist in the promotion of relatively small local co-operative grading and packing stations or may be designed to secure the marketing of a product by a wider and more comprehensive form of organisation.

Development work will probably in the main fall on provincial marketing officers who may however expect the fullest possible assistance from the central staff. As this stage may be reached at a comparatively early date in the case of some commodities. it is hoped that there may be no undue delay on the part of the provinces in drawing up schemes for the appointment of the necessary marketing staff to deal with development work as it arises.

APPOINTMENT OF STAFF

1. Provincial: It is suggested that each of the provinces having regard to its own special circumstances should take steps as soon as possible to appoint a staff to deal with marketing. This may of course require time for consideration and it is probable that some provinces may prefer to consult the marketing Expert before proceeding to appoint a full marketing staff. In the meantime, however, in order to secure a level measure of progress throughout all the provinces from the very beginning it is desirable that each province should co-operate in the work to the extent of immediately appointing at least one officer of the rank equivalent to that of Junior Marketing Officer,

MARKETING OFFICERS.

2. Central: It is proposed that the research work should be roughly divided into two main grounds viz., (a) Crops and (b) Livestock and that the marketing Expert should be provided with a staff of Marketing Officers. Assistant Marketing Officers. and Junior Marketing Officers. To begin with however, no Assistant Marketing Officers would be appointed, but promotions to th's grade would be made later from the ranks of Junior Marketing Officers of those men who show special aptitude and qualification for the work.

DUTIES OF THE STAFF.

1. Provincial: In cases where. to begin with, only one officer is appointed in a province to deal with marktting it seems desirable that he should be an all-round man with general agricultural and economic qualifications rather than a specialist in any particular product. He should be essentially practical and be prepared to accept and deal with facts as they exist and not to deal in preconceptions or theories of his own.

LOCAL MARKET SURVEY.

His character should be such as generally to command the confidence of the persons with whom he will have to come in contact. It would be the duty of provincial marketing officers to carry out local marketing surveys and development work and in so doing it is anticipated that they would arrange their work in accordance with the programme and methods advised for general adoption.

2. Central: (a) The Marketing Expert will generally direct the research work at the centre and undertake advisory work in the provinces, when desired, so far as time and circumstances permit. He will also be responsible for the conclusions and recommendaotions put forward to the Internal Council of Agricultural Research as a result of the marketing surveys.

THE MARKETING OFFICERS.

They shou'd have special knowledge of the group of products with which they will be primarily concerned and should have agricultural, commercial and economic qualifications (or the equivalent) such as will fit them for their special task.

PROVINCIAL CONACT.

It will be their duty to direct the work of Assistant and Junior Marketing Officers and also to establish and maintain contact with the Brovincial Marketing Officers for the purpose of affording mutual assistance in regard to investigation and development work in the provinces. Marketing Officers should personally undertake survey work when necessary and, in particular, should conduct any negotiations or enquiries which may be necessary with very large firms of manufacturers or traders or with trade associations at home or abroad so far as the latter affect the marketing of Indian produce.

The Marketing Officers will be responsible for compiling the marketing surveys from the material supplied by the provincial and Junior Marketing Officers and particularly for the accuracy of the facts as presented which they should in every case check and amplify so far as possible personally and by the issue of questionnaires to suitable parties. They will also prepare the draft conclusions and reccommendations for improvements in the marketing of each product and subsequently assist in any development work which may be required.

In addition to the products with which he is primarily concerned each Marketing Officer will survey the position and keep under review certain aspects of marketing upon which he may be expected to report as and when required. The allocation of such additional subjects may be left till the Marketing Officers are appointed.

ASSISTANT MARKETING OFFICERS

As the work proceeds and particularly when the stage is reached for developing the marketing of produce on improved lines, additional work and responsibility will be involved. It is anticipated that by that time some of the Junior Marketing Officers will be sufficiently trained and will have adequate experience to carry the responsibility and fulfil the duties required. In the meantime the posts may be left vacant.

JUNIOR MARKETING OFFICERS.

They should possess University Degree in Agriculture, Commerce or Economics (or the quivalent) and should preferably have had some special, practical or commercial experience or done economic survey work in connection with the products on which they may be engaged. A Junior Marketing Officer must be reliable as to facts. He should have the ability to make easy contacts and inspire the confidence of all classes and conditions of people concerned in the marketing of agricultural produce.

In connection with marketing surveys the Junior Marketing Officer will be primarily concerned with the marketing of that part of the produce which enters inter-provincial, inter-State and foreign trade, but must be prepared, if called upon, to carry out marketing invtstigations in any part of India, and, if need be to assist from time to time provincial and State marketing Officers to complete local surveys.

GUPTA MANTRA

A Reward of Rs. 100

The object, which cannot be achieved by spending lakhs of rupees, may be had by repeating this Mantra seven times. There is no necessity of undergoing any hardship to make it effective. You will have what you desire This is a Vashikaran Mantra.

It will make you fortunate give you service, make you victorious in litigation and bring you profit in trade. A Reward of Rs. 100, if proved fallible. Price including postage, etc., Rs. 2-7.

SIDDH MANTRA ASHRAM,
No 57, P. O. Katrisarai, (Gaya)

PARSI WORLD CYCLIST

Mr. Manek K. Vajifdar, a Parsi Rover Scout of the 51st Bombay Boys Scout Troop, left Bombay on the 20th instant to cycle round the world. He will pass through Calcutta, Rangoon, China, Japan, Australia, San Francisco, the United States, Europe, Egypt, Persia and return to India via Afghanistan. He will attend the Scout Jamboree in Australia.

12 PERSONS KILLED

Several Receive Burns In Disastrous Fire In Bezwada Village

300 HOUSES GUTTED

Severe Gale And Water Scarcity Add To Difficulties Of Inhabitants.

BEZWADA, May 29.

About twelve persons were killed and 300 houses were gutted and several cattle destroyed as a result of a disastrous fire that broke out yesterday afternoon at Surampalli, a village ten miles from Bezwada.

It is stated that besides that twelve persons whose bodies have been so far extricated from the debris, several persons received burns.

The exact cause of the fire is still unknown, but it is believed that the fire spread from a brick kiln to an adjoining hayrick owing to a severe gale which soon enveloped the whole village in flames.

Owing to water scarcity, the villagers experienced difficulty in combating the blaze.

All the houses except a few with tiled roofing have been destroyed, rendering hundreds homeless.—A. P.

LARWOOD'S "NO" TO M. C. C.

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, May 29.

Larwood has written a letter to the M.C.C. intimating his inability to play in Saturday's test trial.

WORLD'S WELTER WEIGHT TITLE

Barney Ross Becomes New Champion

(SPECIAL CABLE).

NEW YORK, May 29.

Barney Ross won the World's Welter Weight title by defeating the holder, Jimmy McLarnin on points in a 15-round contest.

PERRY AND HUGHES BEATEN IN MEN'S DOUBLES

Miss Jacobs Reaches Last Eight In Women's Singles At Paris

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

PARIS, May 28.

In the French Hardcourt. Championships. third round. the results are as follows:—

Menzel and Hecht (Czechoslovakia) beat Perry and Hughes (holders), 6/4, 6/4. 6/2.

Austin and Hare beat Von Cramm and Denker (Germany) 3/6. 12/10. 5/7. 7/5, 6/4.

In the second round Miss Suson Noel (Great Britain) and Mlle. Jedrzejowska (Poland) beat Miss Nuthall and Miss Scriven 6/3. 6/4

In the third round Miss Stammers beat Miss Hartigan the Australian Champion. 6/3, 6/4.

Miss Jacobs (America) beat Miss Hardwicks (Great Britain) 6/0, 6/1.

The survivors in the order of the draw are Miss Scriven (holder). Niss Nancy Lyle. Fraulein African Miss Stampers Madame Mathieu, Signorina Valerio (Italy). Mlle. Payot (Switzerland) and Miss Helen Jacobs.

FRENCH AVIATOR CROSSES S. ATLANTIC

PORT NATAL (Brazil), May 28.

While Codos and Rossi were crossing the North Atlantic, their fellow countryman Jean Marmoz safely piloted the "Arcenciel" across the South Atlantic arriving here in 19 hours.—Reuter.

ENGLAND-AUSTRALIA AIR RACE

Woman Competitor Enters From Kansas City

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 28.

Three additional entries for the England-Australia Air Race in October have been received from the United States including that of a woman competitor from Kansas City.

CEYLON CRICKETER'S SUCCESS

COLOMBO. May 28.

F C de Saram, who according to Reuter got his cricket Blue last week is a son of the well-known Ceylon Cricketer, Fred de Saram.

Young de Saram is the first Ceylonese to gain his cricket Blue at either University. De Saram is now a Double Blue, having received the Tennis Blue at Oxford sometime back.

A tennis player of no mean order, he won the Ceylon Men's Open Double Championship with his father before he went to England.—United Press.

LARWOOD NOT TO PLAY IN TEST TRIAL?

LONDON, May 28.

The Notts captain, Carr, has advised Larwood not to play in the test trial on the ground that he is not yet fit.—Reuter.

INVESTITURE CEREMONY IN MANSA

Mansa, an Indian State in the Sabarkantha (Old Mahikantha) Agency was an 'en fete' from 14th to 18th May on account of the festivities arranged for celebrating the installation of the Ruling Chief on the Gadi of Mansa State.

The Ruling Chief, his brothers and all the staff of his State had a very busy time on the 14th and 15th receiving representative guests from various States. The Political Agent of Sabarkantha, Major G. B. Williams, arrived in Mansa on 16th morning and was accorded a state reception.

INSTALLATION DARBAR.

The installation Darbar was held on Wednesday, 16th May at 11-30 a.m. in a magnificent pandal constructed in the huge garden of the palace in front of the temple of the family diety of the Ruling House. The central seat of the dais was occupied by Raoji Shree Sajjansinhji Saheb with the Political Agent, Major Williams on his right.

DUTIES OF IDEAL RULER.

When all present resumed their respective seats Major G. B. Williams delivered his official address announcing the installaton of Raoji Shree Sajjansinhji Saheb on the Gadi of Mansa State. He pointed out the duties of an ideal ruler. In conclusion he appealed to the subjects of the state to remain loyal to their ruler. The Gujarati version of the Political Agent's speech was read out by the Senior Deputy Political Agent Rao Saheb Maneklal C. Patel. Then Raoji Shree Sajjansinhji got up to deliver his address.

RAOLJI SAHEB'S SPEECH.

The Raolji Saheb first dwelt upon the glorious past of the Chavda dynasty and then went on to recapitulate the brilliant career of his father the late lamented Raolji Shree Takhtasinhji Saheb and showed clearly how his revered father had laboured to modernise and reform the State. Then one by one he announced the measures he had decided to adopt towards the aid of the cultivators and the students. In commemoration of his installation the Raolji Saheb remitted for the current year one anna per each rupee of land revenue and exempted the students from paying any school fee for the current month. He paid a tribute to the distinguished efforts of his brother and general adviser Rajkumar Shree Yeshwantsinhji in helping him in the administration of the State.

The Raolji Saheb was heartily congratulated by Major Williams, State representatives and other guests and leading subjects of the State. This was followed by a public address presented to the Raolji Saheb by his subjects. This address was presented in a silver casket to the Raolji Saheb by Mr. Girdharlal Gulabchand Shah amidst cheers from all quarters.

MYSORE RAILWAY'S EXTENSION

Plans To Bring Gerusoppa Falls Nearer

MYSORE, May 29.

In his report on the administration of the Railways in Mysore for the year 1932-33, the Agent in connection with the further extension of lines says that the extension of the Birur, Shimoga Branch line to Anandapuram brings the world famous Gerusoppa Falls nearer by 30 miles by road, and with its extension of Sagar, will bring it nearer to Bhatkal which is proposed to be a Port for Mysore, as it is situated within a very short distance from the State borders.

With regard to a line to Kollegal from Chamarajanagar it is mentioned that Administrative sanction was obtained from the Railway Board, but that the work could not be undertaken for want of financial provision.

Then again, there is the question for consideration, namely, the linking up Chamarajanagar with Erode which gives the benefit of the shortest route to Southern India for the despatch of Mysore products.

Mention is also made of the continuance of the membership of the Mysore Railways with the Indian State Railways, Central Publicity Bureau of the Government of India at Delhi.

This has given the chance of Mysore being specially advertised both in London and New York through the Central Bureau Branches by the issue of pamphlets.

In the opinion of the Agent these publications and advertisements are effective instruments to draw traffic to Mysore.—United Press.

THE SENIOR CAMBRIDGE CLASS

BRADLEY NIGHT HIGH SCHOOL PREMISES.

Above Muktagiri Painters, Thakurdwar.

Commencing June 15th For December Exam.

For Terms See the Principal Personally:—From 7-30——9-30 A.M.

V. N. KHARVANDIKAR, B.A., S.T.C., Principal

K. SADASHIVRAO, B.A., S.T.C., Superintendent.

REAL & GENUINE

SEE

Asia's fiercest jungle beasts clash in mortal combat . . . knowing one law, *"Kill or be killed!"*

DEVIL TIGER

Directed by
CLYDE E. ELLIOTT
director of
"BRING 'EM BACK ALIVE"

Story by James O. Spearing. Edited by Truman Talley

AT **ROXY**

FROM

Next Saturday

TO LET

A quite new bungalow well ventilated for high class Hindoos at Vile Parle, West, Irla Road, opposite Temple Ring up 20632.

BANK OF BARODA, Ltd.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H.H. the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda.

(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897).

Capital Subscribed	Rs 60,00,000
Capital Called up	Rs 30,00,000
Reserve Fund now is	Rs. 21,50,000

Head Office:—Mandvi, BARODA.

BRANCHES:—Ahmedabad, Bombay, Surat, Navsari, Karjan, Dabhoi, Mehsana, Patan, Petlad, Port Okha, Kalol, Kadi, Sidhpur, Bhavnagar, Amreli and Dwarka

LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited.

Current Accounts:—Fixed, Short, Savings Bank and Saving Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Loans, Overdrafts, and Cash Credits. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities

W. G. GROUNDWATER.
General Manager.

CITY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu—Vaishakh Vad 2, 1990.
Muslim—Safar 16, 1353.
Parsi—Adar 26, 1303.
Sunrise—6h. 1m.
Sunset—7h. 11m.
High Water—0.02, 13-13.
Low Water—6-16, 19-23.
Municipal Standing Committee 3-40 p.m.

THURSDAY, May 31.

Results of Matriculation Examination, University Building, 2 p.m.
S. S. "Rajputana" with English mails due at 3 p.m.

SATURDAY, June 2

Results of Intermediate Arts Examination, University Building, 3 p.m.

SUNDAY, June 3

Bombay Amateur Athletic Club, fourth anniversary celebrations, Sorab Palamkote Hall, Parsi Colony, Dadar, 5-30 p.m., Mayor of Bombay presiding.

MONDAY, June 4

King-Emperor's Birthday, public holiday, banks closed.
King-Emperor's Birthday Parade, Garrison Parade Ground, Colaba, 7-30 a.m.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE

Death

SOARES—On the 29th instant Thomas Anthony, General Manager, Brandon and Co., Victoria Terminus, passed away after long illness. Aged 65. Funeral to-day at 4-30 p.m. for Sewree from his residence, Retreat House, Ambawadi, Matharpacady, Muzagon. Relatives and friends kindly accept this the only intimation.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

PATHE—"Girl Without A Room." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Queen Christiana" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Peach O'Reno." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Wonder Bar." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Akash Wani." Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khak-ka-Putla." Daily at 2-45, 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Educated Wife." Time as usual.
MINERVA—"Chandidas." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WEST-END—"Gun Sundary". Daily at 2-45, 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Moulin Rouge." Daily at 5-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"Hit the Deck" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Letty Lynton." Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Madame Spy". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"That's A Good Girl." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
THE EDWARD—"Maurice Chevalier" 4, 6-30, and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

6-30 a.m. Commercial Bulletin. 12-0 noon. Indian Selected Hour 1 p.m. Bombay market: Opening rates. European Lunch Time Music.
5 p.m. Ladies' Hour. Household Hints by Beth. 5-30 p.m. Relay of Music from Regal Cinema. 7 p.m. Indian Programme. Jaddanbai 8-30 p.m. Commercial News. 8-45 p.m. News in Hindi 9 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin in English. 9-15 p.m. News Reel. By A. G. A. Norman. 9-45 p.m Hotel Majestic Famous Ben Band. 11 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

6-15 p.m. Time Signal from Big Tom. News Bulletin.
6-30 p.m. Eastbourne Municipal Orchestra.
7-30 p.m. Wireless Military Band.
8-25 p.m. Madge Mullins and Gwen Austin (syncopated pianoforte duettists)
8-45 p.m. Thinking Aloud, a talk.
9 p.m. B B C Dance Orchestra.
9-30 p.m. News Bulletin
9-45 p.m. Reginald Dixon at the organ of the Tower, Balroom, Blackpool.

POSTAL NOTICE

Parcels for Germany direct per S.S. "Barenfels" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6 p.m. Friday the 1st June 1934.

S. V. S. SABHA.

"Under the auspices of the above Sabha, the monthly Thirunakshtram of Srimanavalamahamunigal will be celebrated to-day (Wednesday) in the above Sabha premises between 7 and 8 p.m."

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS.

"Reincarnation" will be subject of a free, public lecture to be delivered at the Hall of The United Lodge of Theosophists, at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51 Esplanade Road, Fort, today (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m.

THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION

A public lectures will be given by Mr R D. Karmarkar, in English at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (French Bridge, Chowpati) to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "Saturn and Mars" and to-morrow (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. on "Four Great Religions and Astrology".

PREMKORBAI LOTWALA SCHOLARSHIPS.

Senior Scholarships of Rs. 10 each for Senior Woman college students and Junior scholarships of Rs. 5 for junior college and Senior High School girl students will be vacant from July. Forms of application can be had from Miss B. R. Lotwalla, Arya Bhuwan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4.

PRIZE FOR BEST ESSAY.

A prize of Rs. 5 will be given to the best Essay on "Bhavsar Community, its Reforms and Constitution" either in English, Marathi or Gujarati. The writer must be a successful student in this year's Bombay University Matriculation Examination and of the Bhavsar Community. The Essay must be sent on or before July 31 to Mr. Sewakram D. Bhavsar (Sontake), Vaidya Bungalow, Park Road (East), Vile Porle.

HELPING THE SIGHTLESS

Good Work Done By Bhavnagar Home For The Blind

The Krishnakumarsinhji School and Home for the Blind, Bhavnagar, was opened in 1931 and during the two years of its existence has rendered useful assistance to the blind of Kathiawar. The report for the year ending December 1933 shows an appreciable increase in the number of pupils, which goes to show that more and more persons are taking advantage of this institution which is the only one of its kind in Kathiawar. The number of members has also increased.

Besides reading and writing on the Braille system, the boys are taught music, cane work and sewing. While due importance is attached to studies the health of the students is not neglected. Medical attention is provided when necessary.

As the steadily growing number of students will necessitate the acquisition of a more spacious building, a "building fund" has been started. In this connection we are asked to state that the new building is designed to be so constructed that each donor contributing Rs. 2,000 and more will have a separate block built to his name.

KING EMPEROR'S BIRTH DAY

June 4, Post Office Holiday

Monday, the 4th June 1934 will be observed as a Post Office holiday on account of His Majesty the King Emperor's Birth-Day.

All the Departments of the Bombay General Post Office and the Town Sub Offices, including the telegraph branches, will observe on that day the same working hours as on Sundays.

INDIAN WOMAN'S UNIVERSITY FUND

The Hon. Secretary of the above Fund Committee writes.

The Indian Women's University Fund Committee beg to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following contributions.

Sir Govindrao Pradhan and Lady Ramabai Pradhan each Rs. 50, Rs. 100, for K. S. Mhaskar, M.A.M.D. Rs. 100, Sriyut Annasahib Navre Rs. 51; Mr. L. G. Vinze Rs. 50; Mr. G. B. Vartak Rs. 50; Mr. D. V. Sant, B.E. Rs. 30; Prof. G. R. Paranjpe Rs. 25; Mrs. Malinibai Paranjpe, B. A. Rs. 25; Total Rs. 431.

Kishor Chintak Mandal

The opening ceremony of the new office (New Kumbar Chawl, Delisle Road) of the Kishor Chintak Mandal was performed on Monday evening when Mr. A. A. Alwe was in the chair.

The Secretary read an account of the work done.

Messrs. Kandalkar, Gaikwad and other leaders also expressed their good wishes.

The President and the invited guests were garlanded and the function ended with an "at-home".

SANGAMNER BACKS TEMPLE BILL

At a largely attended public meeting held on May 24 at Sangamner, Dist. Ahmednagar, the following resolution was passed:

"This meeting of all the Citizens of Sangamner unanimously resolve that they give their full support to the reforming measures proposed by Rao Bahadur Raja, in the coming July session of the Legislative Assembly, for the purpose of removing untouchability and effecting temple-entry. The meeting is also of the opinion that these bills are for the good of Hindu religion and Hindu people."

Latest Hours Of Posting

As Monday the 4th June 1934, will be a Post Office Holiday on account of His Majesty the King Emperor's Birth-Day, the following will be the latest hours of posting air mail correspondence for Europe and countries in the West in connection with the West Bound service of the Imperial Airways, at the Bombay General Post Office.

1. Unregistered correspondence. 8 p.m. on Monday.
2. Registered correspondence: 5 p.m. on Saturday (2-6-34).

Postings at the Town Sub Offices should be so regulated as to reach the General Post Office before the above-mentioned hours.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Homeward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Naldera" with the mails from Bombay of the 19th instant arrived at Port Said at 7 p.m. on the 27th instant and left there at 1 a.m. the following day.

Messrs. Ellerman and Bucknall Steamship Co.'s S. S. City of New Castle left New York on 18th May and passed Port Said with Passengers and with General Cargo for Bombay, Colombo, Madras, Rangoon, Calcutta, She is expected to arrive in Bombay on 25th June and sail again on 30th June for Colombo, Madras, Calcutta.

"Messrs. Ellerman and Bucknall Steamship Co.,s S. S. City of Florence left New York on 4th May and passed Port Said on 25th inst. with General Cargo for Bombay, Colombo, Madras, Calcutta, She is expected to arrive in Bombay on 10th June and sail again on 16th June for Colombo, Madras, Calcutta.

LATE MR. LALJI NARANJI

Vyapari Mahamandal Advocates Sheriff's Meeting

The following resolutions were passed at a meeting of the committee of the Federation of Bombay Commercial Associations convened to mourn the death of Mr Lalji Naranji:—

"The Committee, Federation of Bombay Commercial Associations express their profound sorrow at the sad death of Sheth Lalji Naranji which occurred on the 16th instant. The Committee place on record their sense of deep appreciation of the valuable services rendered by the deceased in the interests of the country, Indian commerce, Industry and insurance and consider that in his death, the Indian commercial community has lost a sincere and leading worker. The Committee tender their heartfelt condolences to the family of the deceased in its sadbereavement."

"The Committee further resolve that if the proposed public condolence meeting in honour of the deceased is convened by the Sheriff of Bombay, the President is hereby authorised to recommend to the affiliated bodies to keep their business closed for half day on the said day."

FOR SELLING ADULTERATED GHEE

Three City Merchants Convicted

During the week ending May 26, the following persons who were prosecuted for selling adulterated ghee were convicted and fined by the Presidency Magistrate, 4th Court, on the 23rd May 1934:—

Mr. Kasamali Bhauddin, Owner at No. 1, Sonapur Street, was convicted and fined Rs. 45 for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 87.2 p.c.

Mr. Ramchandra K. Raje, Vendor at No. 469, Girgaum Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 50 for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 85.4 p.c.

Mr. Aku Ghella, Owner at the Junction of Dady Seth Agiary Lane and Fanaswady, was convicted and fined Rs. 50 for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 90.4 p.c.

SYMPATHY FOR LATE MR. YOUNG

Bombay Residents Of Jodhpur Hold Condolence Meeting

A meeting of the citizens of Jodhpur State residing in Bombay, held at the Bullion Exchange Hall under the presidentship of Seth Jivatlal Purtapshi unanimously adopted the following resolution.

That this meeting expresses its heartfelt regret at the sudden and untimely death of Mr. J. W. Young, Chief Minister, The Government of Jodhpur in London on the 23rd, May 1934, conveys its deep sympathies to the family of the deceased, and to the Government of Jodhpur for the loss sustained by them in the death of Mr. Young who had a brilliant career and whose meritorius services to the State and its subjects were of the highest order.

In moving the resolution Mr. Jainarayan Lalchand Taparia said that Mr. Young was first appointed as the Finance Member of the Jodhpur State ten years ago. During the period of his office as Finance Member he proved himself a brilliant and cool headed officer and a very successful Finance Member

A TRUE JODHPURIAN.

He carried on the administration of the State with such loyalty, industry and integrity that His Highness the Maharaja Saheb aptly said of him that he was a true Jodhpurian though by birth an Englishman.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. Radhelal Ramsukh.

Progressive English School For Kamathipura

The opening ceremony of the Progressive English School was performed under the Presidentship of Dr. Shusarath on Sunday at Kamathipura, in the Hall behind Mahamari Temple.

The Principal of the institution, in his opening speech, expressed great regret at the death of Rao Bahadur Manajirao, Mr. Iravati in his brief speech told the audience how necessary it was to start an educational institution at Kamathipura and how the people were obliged to the Progressive English School for this action.

The President in his speech requested the people to send their children to this school and also promised to try to get space before the temple for the Physical training of the students.

After light refreshments the function ended.

MALAVIYAJI CANCELS MUSSOORI TRIP

BENARES, May 29.

Pandit Malaviya has cancelled his departure to Mussoorie owing to some important work to which he is attending here.—United Press.

EXERCISE YOUR CIVIC RIGHT

Nariman's Appeal To Ratepayers To Get Their Names Enrolled In Register

Mr. K. F. Nariman writes:—

As the resolution of the Corporation to extend its life was turned down, preparations have started for the next Municipal Elections to be held in January 1935.

The first and the most important step is the preparation of the preliminary roll.

A special department has been opened for the purpose under an Enrolment Officer and its office is located in the Improvement Trust Building in Fort. All tenants, sub-tenants or owner occupiers and companies, paying Rs 10 and above per mensem or its equivalant are entitled to vote and should get their names enrolled in the Register if they desire to exercise their preliminary civic right. Municipal clerks are moving from door to door in all wards for the purpose of getting intending voters' names registered.

DUTY OF RATE PAYERS.

I request all rate-payers qualified to vote to avail themselves of this opportunity and get themselves enrolled in time i.e. before 10th June 1934 when I understand preliminary roll will be closed.

The usual application form duly filled in should be sent in before the above date along with the rent-bill for the month of April last.

MATRICULATION RESULTS

Broadcasting Will Not Take Place To-morrow

BOMBAY, May 29.

With reference to the announcement made in the press regarding the broadcasting of the Matriculation Results, the Associated Press understands that the same will not take place next Thursday owing to technical reasons.—A.P.

MATUNGA ARYA SAMAJ

The opening ceremony of new building of Matunga Aryasamaj Mandir was performed by Swami Omkarsachidanandji on Sunday morning.

Pandit Dwijendranathji garlanded the audience laying stress on the importance of the mission of Arya Samaj. An appeal was made for funds and some contributions were received on the spot.

POSTAL INQUIRY

No Invitation For Public To Give Evidence

SIMLA, May 28.

The Postal Enquiry Committee, which has assembled here after carrying on preliminary study of the problem through sub-Committees deputed for the purpose, has been meeting daily to draw up the questionnaire and settle the lines of enquiry. There will be no general invitation to the public and non-official associations to tender evidence, but if any one offered to give information which the committee may consider useful, there would be no ban against having such evidence. Mainly, of course, the task of the committee will be confined to hearing departmental witnesses.—A.P.

DIVERSION OF BOMBAY'S TRADE

Govt's Deputy Back In Simla

SIMLA, May 29.

Mr. W. Nind, Member, Central Board of Revenue who was deputed to examine the position of diversion of trade from Bombay returned to Simla to-day.

It is not known when he will submit his report but the Associated Press understands that the Government of India are giving very serious consideration so that action on the subject matter of Mr. Nind's visit to Bombay may be expected to be made known within a few days and interests of Bombay Port protected.—A.P.

MR. SRI PRAKASH CONTRADICTS

Report Of His Intention To Contest For Assembly Seat

BENARES, May 29.

With reference to the telegram of May 25, published in the "Hindustan Times" of May 27 from its Cawnpore correspondent saying that Acharya Narandra Deo and Mr. Sri Prakash are likely to contest the ensuing Assembly elections from U.P. on Congress ticket, they, interviewed by the United Press flatly deny any possibility of their contesting elections and express their wonder how the correspondent mentioned their names in this connection.—United Press.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

H. H. the Maharaja of Bikaner dined at Government House, Bombay.

Bhavsar Kshatriyas Advocate Swadeshi

Bombay Conference Urges Learning Of Hindi To Facilitate Unity Among All Sections Of Community

The Tenth all India Bhavsar Kshatriya Conference was held at Sir Cawasji Jehangir Hall, Bombay, on the 26th, 27th and 28th May under the Presidency of Sjt. Vadilal Dalsukhbhai, of Ahmedabad, when the following Resolutions were passed.

OUR DEPARTED GREAT.

This Conference expresses its deep sorrow at the loss to our Mother India by the untimely demise of our National Leaders Sjt. Vithalbhai Patel and Sjt. J. M Sengupta.

This Conference recommends to all members of Bhavsar Community to encourage Hindi language to facilitate unity among all creeds

This Conference resolves that for the uplift of our Bhavsar Community, anybody of any creed should not keep himself or herself aloof from each other and particularly this Conference recommends to all caste brothern to behave friendly and according to our usual (caste' routine with Satpanthi Bhavsars.

APPEAL FOR UNITY.

As there exist at present so many associations (i.e. 'Gol' and "Tad") in our community and thereby so many factions arise. this Conference recommends that all these factions should be abolished and our mutual and cordial connections should be strenthened by uniting together.

Whereas it is found expedient that there is scarecity of education in Vhavsar Community, this Conference finds it necessary that propaganda should be made to encourage education in our community. Besides this Conference is of opinion that a Boarding should be erected at some central place.

USE "SWADESHI."

It is the considered opinion of this Conference that for the economic prosperity of our Community and the Country each man and woman of Bhavsar Community should try and make use of only those goods and articles which are manufactured in this Country, and, therefore, this Conference forcefully requests all caste brothern that he or she should make use of only such goods as are made in this Country, that is, asare "Swadeshi."

MYSORE MUNICIPALITY GETS PRIZE

Challenge Shield For Best Anti-Tuberculosis Activities

SIMLA, May 29.

King George Thanks-giving (Anti-tuberculosis) Fund annually awards Hassan Masud Suhrawardy Anti-turberculosis Challenge Shield to the corporation, municipal council or municipal committee in British India, Burma or Indian States doing anti-tuberculosis work.

The committee of the fund held to-day awarded this shield to the Mysore City Municipal Council for having shown best anti-tuberculosis activities during the year 1933 in Mysore.

The committee has set up a preventorium during the year, where children under 12 years of age, who are discovered among the contacts to show positive tuberculin test and manifest any signs or symptoms of tuberculosis are given proper treatment.

The Municipality has also provided sanitary dwellings for poor people.—United Press.

Football Association For Multan

MULTAN, (By Mail.)

It was decided to start a branch of the North-Western India Football Association in Multan, at a meeting held under the presidency of Mr J. D. Penny, I.C.S., the Commissioner.

Mr. E. P. Moon, Deputy Commissioner, was elected President of the Association and Rai Bahadur Deawn Khilanda Ram, as Secretary.

Khan Bahadur Nawab Riaz Hussain, Mr. Karam Narain Bagai, Mian Mohamed Ibrahim, Principal, Government College, and heads of various institutions participated in the meeting.—A. P.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

JEHANGIR WADIA BUILDING, 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

Free Public Lecture.
"RE-INCARNATION."
Followed by Questions and Answers.
WEDNESDAY, May 30th, 6-15 p.m.

ALL CORDIALLY INVITED.
No Fees! No Collections!!

POONA EXPLOSION

Case Against Suspects Postponed Again

POONA, May 29.

Sukatankar and Limaya who have been in custody since early in May in connection with an explosion in Nutan Marathi High School of Poona City were placed this morning before Mr. Fernandes, City Magistrate. As the Government's sanction to prosecute had only just been received the case was postponed to 11th June for recording of evidence.—A.P.

You'll see 10,000 Wonders of Drama! Comedy! Romance! Girls! Song! And a Dazzling Sunburst of Spectacles—Dwarfing Anything the Screen Has Shown Before!

WONDER BAR

WARNER BROS.' WONDER SHOW OF THE WONDER CENTURY!

BY POPULAR DEMAND CONTINUES AT

The CAPITOL TO-NIGHT at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Bombay's Leading Talkie House

The REGAL EVERY HOUSE PACKED!
(FULLY AIR-CONDITIONED) TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
The Theatre Magnificent Free List Suspended Book Now

M-G-M presents

Garbo QUEEN CHRISTINA

The Soul-Stirring Story of a Woman who Gave up her Throne for Love!

FRIDAY NEXT

CANCEL ALL YOUR ENGAGEMENTS. THE MUSICAL COMEDY OF THE SEASON IS HERE AT LAST.

PARAMOUNT'S

"SITTING PRETTY"

WONDERFUL SONGS
100 HOLLYWOOD HONEYS
LAUGHS ALL THE WAY

CLOWNING
DANCING
ROMANCING

"DID YOU EVER SEE A DREAM WALK?"

SEE IT IN

'SITTING PRETTY'

PATHE
FRIDAY NEXT
Phone 41561.

BRAND NEW SONG HITS 3

GAY SPARKLING COMEDY LOADED with FUN

GIRL WITHOUT A ROOM
A Paramount Picture with
CHARLES FARRELL
AND CHARLIE RUGGLES
MARGUERITE CHURCHILL
GREGORY RATOFF • • WALTER WOOLF
Directed by Ralph Murphy • Chas. R. Rogers Production
3-30 6 30 & 10

ALSO BETTY BOOP PATHE THE FINEST & THE MOST UP-TO-DATE CINEMA IN BOMBAY

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The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY WEDNESDAY MAY 30, 1934

THE CONFLICT IN ARABIA

The report that the Imam of Yemen has rejected the peace terms offered by Ibn Saud and that hostilities are imminent once again between these two powerful Arabian chiefs, is to be deplored not only on account of the suffering which such hostilities will inflict on the people of the two countries concerned, but also because a serious conflict in this quarter of Asia may give rise to complications resulting in intervention by European Powers to the detriment of the vital interests of Arabia as a whole. That the risks of such intervention are not merely imaginary but real, will be acknowledged by any student of the post-war history of the Middle East. Secret diplomacy is not dead, despite the mock funeral staged in its honour at Versailles fifteen years ago. To what extent secret diplomacy of the European Powers has been at work since the War in regard to the Arabian people who were formerly under Turkish sway, only a future historian will be able to tell. The true post-war histories of Syria, Palestine, Trans-Jordania, and Iraq, will only be written when all these countries come to enjoy real independence.

A Secret Treaty.

That secret diplomacy would be actively at work also in the South-West corner of Arabia, which is now the seat of trouble, goes without saying, since this corner constitutes a "key" position in the eyes of more than one European Power which is seeking to consolidate its "sphere of influence." There is, of course, Great Britain, which is vitally interested in the affairs of South-West Arabia, because it holds the gate-way, so to say, to its Eastern possessions. The safety of Aden is, naturally, of prime concern to it and during the past few years it has given the Imam of Yemen clearly to understand that it will permit of no weakening of its hold on the Aden Protectorate on any account. Italy, too thinks she has vested interests equally important in this region, especially since, across the Red Sea, she has already established her hold on Eritrea. A striking sidelight on Italy's policy with regard to South-West Arabia is thrown by the disclosure made by the "Manchester Guardian" in one of its recent issues regarding a secret treaty entered into by Italy with the Imam of Yemen in 1927 to sell to the latter whatever arms and munitions he may need. We reproduce elsewhere the "Guardian's" editorial article bearing on the subject, from which it will be seen that under this secret treaty Italy has bound herself "to support the King of Yemen with all means at her disposal and to deliver to him all that he needs in respect of arms and munitions at favourable prices. . . payment to be made in annual instalments over the period of the agreement—that is, for ten years." According to the "Guardian" this treaty has not been registered at Geneva, "since Yemen is outside the League of Nations." But if Yemen is not a member of the League, is not Italy one and is she not morally, if not also technically, bound to disclose at Geneva all treaties she enters into with other nations? The Covenant of the League makes no exception in the case of members entering into alliances with non-members.

Settle The Dispute

The treaty gives practically a "carte blanche" to the Imam to solicit Italy's support in arms and munitions and in all other ways, whenever he deems it necessary. The "Manchester Guardian" thinks there is no reason to anticipate Italian interference in this Arabian affair. It will, indeed, be wrong for Italy to intervene in the conflict on the pretext of this secret treaty though it is not clear if, in accordance with the treaty, she has not been supplying arms to the Imam to carry on. Probably Ibn Saud, too, through some equally "friendly" European Power, is also sufficiently equipped with arms to carry destruction into Yemen. We trust, however, that before it is too late, the rulers of Hedjaz and Yemen will realise the utterly suicidal character of their present conflict. All enlightened sections of the Arabian people in the Middle East deeply deplore, we may be sure, the internecine warfare in their country. The efforts of the Grand Mufti of Palestine and other Arab leaders outside the Hedjaz and Yemen to bring about an honourable peace between the rival rulers are, therefore, most opportune and deserve to be crowned with speedy success. We trust, too, that the European Powers who think they have vested interests in South-West Arabia will scrupulously abstain from taking sides.

Turkey's Proposed "Bombshell"

It is possible that the Disarmament Conference may have to deal with "a very important statement" by Tewfik Rushdi Bey, the Turkish Foreign Minister. It will, no doubt, amount to a remarkable irony of fate that a Conference called into being to "demilitarise" the world should end in taking cognisance of a Power's intention to remilitarise the demilitarised. But Turkey is justified in the action that she is reported to be contemplating. The demilitarisation of the Dardanelles, like the disarming of Germany, implied complementary action on the part of other Powers towards general disarmament. Turkey, in the present circumstances, is perfectly justified in seeking to re-fortify the Dardanelles on which her security decisively depends. We hope Turkey secures her right. But it will be principally because Turkey has shown her mettle and made Europe realise that she cannot be trifled with.

Keeping The Ring Clear!

The Commissioner of Police has extended his ban on meetings and processions in connection with the textile dispute for one month. This is one side of the picture. Look at the other. On Monday a motor lorry carrying volunteers inviting the strikers to resume work in the mills went through the whole mill area and was escorted by a police van. Does a motor lorry carrying volunteers become "a procession?" Even, if it does not, is it fair that while the strikers are prevented from exercising their elementary right of holding meetings and organising processions in order peacefully to dissuade their comrades from resuming work, the millowners are not only permitted to carry on their propaganda on the public roads, but they do so under police escort? Is this the way the Government of Bombay are carrying out their policy of keeping the ring clear?

GEORGE WASHINGTON'S LETTER

A Valuable Find

(By A. Aziz Azad).

MOSCOW, April 29.

A letter signed by "G. Washington" and written to an unknown correspondent has just recently been found here in the Historical Museum of Moscow.

The document was found lying in a collection made by Count G. V. Orlov-Davidoff, a well-known Russian antiquarian of the last century. Among the above, mentioned collection there were also found interesting manuscripts of Walter Scott's "Talisman," the Duke of Wellington, Edmund Burke, Shelley, Adam Smith, Ricardo and others.

George Washington's letter is reproduced below as exactly as modern type will allow:

MOUNT VERNON, June 21, 1785.

Sir,—The last post brought me the honour of your favour of the 12th. I am made happy by occasions which induced you to write to me—and shall take pleasure in rendering Mr. De Corney any advice in my power. I will immediately inform myself of the name, and residence of the treasurer of Society of the Cincinnati of this State, and transmit Mr. De Corney's Bill on Col. Wadsworth, to him.

I am greatly obliged to you, sir, for the several communications of your letter—I wish disagreeable consequences may not result from the contentions respective the navigation of the river Missippi.

The emigrations to the waters thereof, are astonishingly great; and chiefly of that description of people who are not very subordinate to Law and good Government—Whether the prohibition from the Court of Spain is just or unjust—politic or otherwise; it will be difficult to restrain people of this class from enjoying natural advantages. It is devoutly to be wished that Mr. Gardoqui would enter into such stipulations with Congress as may avert the impending evil, and be mutually advantageous to both Nations.

After the explicit declarations of the Emperor, respecting the Navigation of the Scheldt, and his other demands upon Holland, he will stand, I think, upon unfavourable ground; for, if he recedes his foresight and judgment may be arraigned—And if he proceeds, his ruin may be involved—But, probably, I am hazarding sentiments upon a superficial view of things, when it will appear, ultimately, that he has had important objects in view, and has accomplished them.

I take the liberty of addressing the enclosed letter to your care and to assure you of the respect and esteem with which I have the honour to be,

Sir,
Yr. Most Obed, Hble. S.
G. WASHINGTON,

"Maxim Gorky Flies."

After the crash of the largest, Soviet airplane, K—7, with a passenger capacity of 102, the Soviet Government undertook the construction of a new airplane on the same scale. This plane which is called "Maxim Gorky," after the famous writer, was completed recently and has already made a successful maiden flight.

The entire cost of construction of this plane had been derived from voluntary contributions of readers of the Soviet Press, in honor of the 40th anniversary of Gorky's literary activities.

This plane, one of the largest in the world, has been constructed by the well-known engineer A. N. Tupelev; it represents the latest and best in the field of aviation. It will be used for propaganda purposes.

This eight motored craft has a speed of 220-240 kms an hour, it can hold enough supplies for a flight of 2,000 kms. It will carry a rotating printing-press with the capacity of turning out 8,000 printed lists an hour, a photomechanic laboratory, an entire cinematograph apparatus and laboratory. A dynamo in the plane will supply all the power needed for the various apparatuses.

The crew will consist of 23 men (pilots, mechanics, radio engineers, electricians, printers, pantrymen).

MANAGING-AGENCY SYSTEM.

How To Centralize Supervision Effectively In The Hands Of Shareholders

(By Principal SOHRAB R. DAVA R, Barrister-at-Law).

VIII.

We have already in a previous article seen how irresponsible are the Directors. The selection and approval of Directors is in theory of law assumed to be the primary function of the shareholders. In practice very little is left to these real proprietors of the company. The first and original Directors are the nominees of promoters, generally the Managing Agents. There is nothing in law which empowers the shareholders to remove Directors. If they are to do so, Articles of Association must give them the necessary powers (which in practice are seldom given). One cannot expect the authors of the Articles to provide a weapon for the shareholders to decapitate them. The retirement by rotation is, as we have seen before, provided for generally, but it is a safe provision. It is very seldom that shareholders can use, as we have already seen, this power within the seven clear days' notice with about three days' interval, to lodge proxies effectively unless they work for this in anticipation of the Report and the meeting, the dates of which are fixed at the entire discretion of the Directors and Agents. The modification of law here is suggested from the Canadian Banking Act which, though it applies to Banking companies, may well be considered in case of all Joint Stock Companies. Here the shareholders can regulate by bye-laws (as distinct from Articles which can be altered by three-fourths votes only) at a general meeting matters affecting the appointment and removal of Directors, their share qualifications, the time for lodging of proxies, the quorum of Directors, meetings, method of filling in vacancies in the office of Directors, remuneration of Directors, and amounts of loans (if any) that can be made to directors. Every five years the bye-laws have to be presented to the shareholders for approval or alteration. This is an excellent arrangement as it gives great control to the shareholders on the management of a most healthy character which would prevent a good many abuses practised at present under our Act.

ESSENTIAL CHANGES

The other alterations of the Act as applying to Directors should be:—(1) Directors should be prohibited from soliciting proxies as against shareholders; it is a common practice of Directors and Agents to collect blank proxies without any meeting within sight and use the same as when required; it should be made compulsory to state the (2) number of board meetings held during the year; (3) share qualification of a director, that shares held by him are his personal property and not as a trustee, and mortgaged shares should not be allowed to be counted in same; (4) a person should not be allowed to be a Director in more than a certain number of companies (at present some persons hold as many as 80 directorships; (5) when vacancies in the office of Directors are filled in, in the midst of the year, the shareholders should be specifically empowered to remove this nominee of Directors or agent and replace him by a Director of their own choice. Under the present state of things this cannot be done unless there is a power in the Articles of Association—which the Agents and Directors are not so obliging to provide for the shareholders; (6) in case of Managing Agency Companies the Act should provide that at least three-fourths of the Board of Directors is made up of independent persons, i.e., not connected directly or indirectly in business with the Agents; (7) it should also be provided that when a contract is being considered in which a Director is interested, the interested Director should not be present. The present Act only provides that he should not vote and should not be counted in the quorum; but the case law has decided that this—interested Director has a right to be present when this contract is being discussed. This naturally puts the other Directors in an embarrassing position.

Under the present Act the office of a Director or Manager can be assigned by him in case the Articles of Association allow. This assignment can, of course, be made without the consent of shareholders. This practice is, in the opinion of Green's Commission for Company Law Amendment in England, most undesirable. The reason assigned in the Report of the Commission is, "when such a provision is in force, the company is deprived of all effective control over its directors and managers and the holder of the office is in a position to force upon the company for his own benefit any person whether suitable or not who is willing to pay a price." This reason cannot be improved upon and applies to Managing Agents' Agreements particularly where such powers are provided for. The result is that the British Parliament accepting this recommendation has now added a section in the English Companies Act of 1929 being Sec. 51 providing as follows:—

"If in case of any company, provision is made by the Articles or by any agreement entered into between any person

(Continued on page 9.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

DOLLFUSS AT WORK.

Latest reports from Vienna relating to Socialist demonstrations belie Doctor Dollfuss' assurances about more humane methods in maintaining order in Austria. Government have empowered Summary Courts to inflict the death penalty on persons "convicted of attempts against security of property or life, or connivance therein." In other words, people in Austria may be summarily sent to the gallows on the slightest of suspicions. This proves two things: In the first place, the spirit that was responsible for the Vienna horrors against Socialists is as supreme and active in Austria, as it ever was. In the second place, Doctor Dollfuss, the Austrian combination of Signor Mussolini and Herr Hitler, has not, despite all refined and crude cruelties, succeeded in killing Socialism or burying it alive.

DE VALERA'S OFFER.

If Mr. J.H. Thomas is wise, he will welcome de Valera's Clifden speech, if only for the purpose of ending the Anglo-Irish trade war. Mr. de Valera, it ought to be quite obvious, will never pay the land annuities whatever happens. There is, of course, the offer of international arbitration. Acceptance of it is repugnant to the "Empire" principle. The only alternative is the trade war. It has now lasted for over a year, and its experience proves that England and Ireland have both suffered in equal measure. Indeed, Ireland has suffered less in so far as she saved the amount on the annuities. In de Valera's offer of mutual reciprocity Mr. Thomas has now the opportunity to save England the continual injury, which has resulted from measures foolishly taken to compel Ireland to pay the annuities.

WELCOME DECISION.

We welcome the decision of Begum Mohamed Alam to seek election for the Assembly. The decision marks another and an important advance in the progress of Muslim women. Communal and national progress depend on the emergence of women into public life and their full participation in it. The Muslim community obviously needs this more than others. It is also reported that Begum Shah Nawaz will contest the seat with Begum Alam. Begum Sah Nawaz is the daughter of the late Sir Mohamed Shafi and has herself been associated with public movements of limited appeal including, of course, the Round Table Conference. But the issue between Begum Alam and Begum Shah Nawaz is as clear as between India's National Demand and the White Paper. Begum Alam embodies the former, her rival the latter. And there can be no question of a choice between the two.

CHETTY RECANTS.

The elections are palpably near. But even, inspite of this dominating factor, the latest pronouncement of Sir Shanmukham Chetty, the President of the Assembly, deserves particular attention, specially on the part of Sir Shanmukham himself and those who think with him. Speaking at Coimbatore on Friday evening he actually said that "there was no necessity for India to import foreign cloth." This is clearly the voice of Congress extremism. In echoing it Sir Shanmukham Chetty forgot, of course, his presidential wig and chair. But what is more noteworthy is that it clearly conflicts with the spirit of Sir Shanmukham's well-known Ottawa statesmanship. Be that as it may, would it be too much, we wonder, for him to do justice to his latest statement?

SERIOUS INDICTMENT.

"My last and ardent wish now is that I may be sent to jail so that I may pass the last days of my life calmly and patiently." Thus concludes a pathetic letter of Sham Lal, ex-President of Lyallpur Naujawan Bharat Sabha, addressed to the Governor of the Punjab and published in the Punjab papers. The writer alleges that, owing to his activities in connection with the Congress and the Naujawan Bharat Sabha and on his refusal to become a police informer, he was victimized and harrassed by the C.I.D. police and could not carry on his normal business. The letter contains allegations which, if true, constitute a grave indictment of the methods adopted by the C.I.D. Even supposing that the unfortunate young man is rightly regarded as dangerous, the point is that he is made to undergo suffering more acute and prolonged as a potential criminal than he would have to do if he were actually convicted of some crime.

Press Views

Self-Condemned

The Bombay bureaucracy has proved its incompetence. Out of its own mouth its stands convicted. The confession that it is not yet ready with materials for intervention in behalf of a settlement between the millowners and the strikers succeeds only in proving this that it is too wooden and unimaginative to deal with a delicate situation requiring quick and sympathetic handling. If the Bombay Labour Office was good for anything it hould have all relevant information at its finger's ends. And what was there to enquire beyond facts established by the Tariff Board of 1932? But we cannot disabuse ourselves of the feeling that for much of the bitterness that prevails in Bombay to-day the procrastination of the local bureaucracy is to blame.—"Forward."

Fruitless Controversies

It is not within the power of Maulana Shafi Daudi and his associaties to force the Hindus and Sikhs to accept the Award. Nor is it within the power of Bhai Parmananda and the Hindu Mahasabha to scrap the Award without the co-operation of the other communities. It is only by the united and unremitting endeavour of all patriotic Indians of all communities, that the White Paper proposals and the Communal Award can be rejected and a truly democratic and self-governing constitution can be secured for India. This cannot happen unless and until the party of self-government in India is organised on a non-communal basis for concerted action in the legislature. The formation of the Congress Parliamentary Board is an attempt in that direction; and it is the duty of all patriotic Indians, regardless of their communal differences, to offer their wholehearted support to the electioneering campaign which the Board will conduct in all parts of the country in the name of India's largest and most representative political organisation. The task of the Board is not easy, because the present constitution militates against the formation of a strong non-communal party of self-government within the legislature. That task should not be rendered more difficult by fruitless controversies which do not benefit any community and are detrimental to the interests of the country as whole.—"Tribune."

Have you got a jigsaw? asks an advertisement.

No. But we have got Maulvi Shafi Daudi, Dr. Moonji, Bhai Pharmanand, Haji Rahim Bukhsh, etc. What offers?

* * * *

Says Maulana Shaffee Daudi:

"I feel great relief in finding that Dr. Ansari's propaganda to mislead Muslim voters into enlisting their support for Congress has met with a strong rebuff from Pandit Malaviya, Mr. Aney and all others who count in the Congress camp."

And we feel great relief in finding that the revered Moulvi has not lost his form as a sanctimonious statesman, innocently naive like Dr. Moonje and equally obvious.

* * * *

There seems to be thankfulness in the air. First the son of the Maharashtra thanked the son of Rohilkhand for teaching Hindus the lesson of solidarity and unity. Now comes Maulvi Shafi Daudi who thanks Pandit Malaviya on behalf of all Muslims for speaking out his mind frankly.

Privately, of course, they thank ——whom and what?

* * * *

"It is quite evident,' says Maulana Shafi Daudi, "from Panditji's statement that the Congress party in the Assembly will be a purely Mahasabha party in its mentality." The Mahasabha on the other hand is angry with the Congress for putting the choice of Hindu candidates in the hands of a Muslim——Dr. Ansari.

They both fail with unconscious kindness to see that the Congress party in the Assembly will be purely a Congress party.

* * * *

Headlines to a Ramsay MacDonald speech to the Newspaper Society in mail week:—

PREMIER'S ATTACK ON THE "CHAIN" PRESS
SENSATIONALISM CONDEMNED
"Weakening The Fibre Of Our People's Minds"

The published report does not, however, say that the orator wound up exclaiming "And ah my frrriends! forr prrroof therre-of recall the last Generral Election and look at me."

* * * *

A British paper is furious at Burma remaining "within the India Fiscal system." It is such an unfair advantage for Ahmedabad and quite unjust to Manchester and the Burmese farmer whose "only interest is to get his cotton cloth cheap and good."

You might say that this should argue less stringent measures against Japanese imports. It would be honest and straight forward. But, then it wouldn't be Morning Postish.

* * * *

"DISARMAMENT BUREAU MEETS"

To re-arm?

* * * *

One advantage of Begam Alam and Begum Shah Nawaz competing for the suffrage of the same constituency will be that the mere male voter will not be put to embarrassment in voting for his candidate.

But good heavens! No. The poor fellow will be in a most awful predicament. He will have to refuse a lady. Unenviable lot, his.

* * * *

"Are non-Congress folk taking any precautions at all for the protection of their own and the country's best interests?" asks "Simplex" in the "Times of India."

This is the worst: these simplexes. They mean well by non-Congress folk and protection of their own interests but they nib the other thing in so tactlessly.

* * * *

After finishing his dinner, Bill, the mill-worker, went to the hot-water urn and carefully rinsed out his tea-can.

His pal watched him do this three times, then he said:

"I say, mate, don't you know you're wasting that, and there's a shortage of water already."

"I know that," said Bill haughtily. "I read the papers, don't I? It's cold water they're short of, not hot."

Italy's Secret Treaty With Yemen

Promise Of Arms Supply

Under the caption "the importance of Yemen" the "Manchester Guardian" published the following editorial article in one of its mail week issues:—

Under the caption "The Importance of Yemen" the "Manchester Guardian" published the following editorial article in one of its mail week issues:—

The Emir Feisul, Ibn Saud's son, has taken just a month to drive his Yemenite opponents out of the country's narrow coastal strip. It was reported yesterday that he had been "appointed" Emir of Hodeida, the chief port of Yemen, which his forces occupied last Saturday. He answered, so the Cairo rumours say, by urging on his troops to march on Yemen's mountain capital. If he persists in his advance he may have some stiff fighting. The Zeidis and the Shiites of the mountains cannot be swept away like the plainsmen by Ibn Saud's religious propaganda; they know that their beliefs and practices are foul abominations to the puritan Wahabis who are now attacking them; it will be strange if they do not defend their faith or superstitions, even though they may have lost all feeling for their own Imam, who rules by taking hostages and does not pay his soldiers. The Emir has advanced so far and fast because, like Galahad, his heart is pure and, like the "modern traveller," he has the Maxim guns. Neither his faith nor his equipment will help him much on the steep road to the capital. His tanks and guns are excellent, but they will find it hard to climb nine thousand feet if there is any serious resistance. In any event it may be taken as certain that he will move or halt according to orders from his father, who can and does use telegraph and telephone to bridge Arabia's enormous distances. It is Ibn Saud's practice to consider well before he acts. The problem which confronts him is not merely military. He has to reckon with two great colonial Powers, as well as with a flying enemy. Great Britain has her vital interests in the south-west corner of Arabia; Italy looks across the Red Sea from Eritrea and might like to rival Britain. What are these interests and potential rivalries?

AGREEMENT WITH BRITAIN.

It is not three months since Great Britain came to an agreement with the Imam of Yemen touching the long-disputed boundaries of the so-called Protectorate of Aden, a no-man's land of petty buffer tribes whom the "protecting" Power does not in fact protect but who protect its priceless treasure Aden from potential raiders. That ended or appeared to end, a leisurely wrangle which was as old as the Imam's own independence, won from Turkey in 1912. The Imam had cosistently refused to recognise the frontier which the Turks accepted after Aden fell to Britain in 1839. He could with reason say that, once the anarchy of Turkish rule was gone the primary reason for this no-man's-land went with it; he could quote Britain's war-time declarations made in favour of Arab independence as an argument against the maintenance of an artificial vacuum which Britain neither rules herself nor will allow another to consolidate. Britain was patient but persistent, and she got her way last February at the price minor frontier rectifications in the Imam's favour. The core of the whole question is unsettled. The little sheikhs of no-man's-land are free for rule or misrule, under the benevolent suzerainty of the "protecting" Power. But any strong and active ruler of the Yemen cannot in the nature of his position be indefinitely satisfied with an arrangement which secures the port of Aden but does not secure his territories from perpetual pinpricks. If, therefore, Ibn Saud annexes Yemen whole, he will succeed to the Imam's pretensions on this boundary. That is but one of the important questions which arise out of this war. It is the duty clearly of this country to abstain from every form of pressure or intervention in this quarrel. But she cannot remain indifferent to the event. Whatever form they have taken, we may be certain that there have been some exchanges between Ibn Saud and the British Government. Ibn Saud is not the man to move on unsure ground.

The Saudi forces showed the stuff that they are mae of when they took Hodeida. They quickly stopped the indiscriminate looting of insurgent tribesmen and reassured the British subjects (mostly Indians) who had fled to the protection of the British flag for safety. Ibn Saud's record as a just administrator should leave no doubt that his police and judges will protect the lives and properties of foreign subjects, whether heretics or infidels. Even the Jews of Yemen should have less to fear from his uncompromising orthodoxy than from the uncertain tolerance of the Imam. It looks as though Ibn Saud were bent on showing from the first how well he can and will behave. It is something to have held the Arabs of the desert back from a rich city filled with unbelievers. The British Government should bear these facts in mind. A strong and just administrator is a better neighbour to an irreplaceable coaling station like the port of Aden than a weak and quarrelsome tyrant. In the long run Britain may have to rectify the boundaries of the 'protectorate" again, but those most competent to judge agree that that would be no loss and might be a gain. If Britain's duty is apparent, so is Italy's. Italy has a treaty with the Yemen, signed in 1927, which, if it were applied in practice, might establish an Italian protectorate in the south-western corner of Arabia. Thus she is bound "to support the King of the Yemen with all means at her disposal and to deliver to him all that he needs in respect of arms and munitions at favourable prices..... payment to be made in annual instalments over the period of the agreement—that is, for ten years." She lends him experts and is given "precedence in all economic enterprises" in the Yemen. This was a secret treaty and has not been registered at Geneva, since Yemen is outside the League of Nations. It has not borne the fruit of its contemporary kinsman, the Italian treaty with Albania. Nevertheless the treaty, stands, and there are several Italian warships off Hodeida, just as there were Italian weapons with the Yemen army. The fact that Signor Mussolini has backed a loser does not mean that he will cut his losses easily. But we need not anticipate Italian interference in this Arabian affair.

WHEAT COMMITTEE

Date Not Yet Fixed For Reassembly

LONDON, May 29.

No date has been fixed for reassembly of the Wheat Committee.

It is considered useless for it to meet again until formula was devised to bridge over the deadlock.

Last minute efforts are being made to induce Argentine delegates to modify their demands of one-third world market.—Reuter's Special.

U. S. War Veteran Dead

WASHINGTON, May 29.

The death occurred of Admiral Charles Frederick Hughes at the age of 68. He served with the British Grand Fleet in 1918 and retired in 1930 after a term as Commander-in-Chief in the United States Battle Fleet.—Reuter's Special.

DRAFT REPORT ON INDIAN REFORMS

Select Committee Will Take Weeks Before Giving Final Shape

LONDON, May 29.

The Draft report, its understood, was submitted by the Chairman when the Select Committee reassembled to-day. The Committee began preparation of the report which, it is expected, will take shape in the next few weeks.—Reuter.

TOGO'S HOPELESS

TOKIO, May 29.

Admiral Togo's condition is hopeless.—Reuter.

PUNJAB'S WAR ON PLAGUE

Sweetened Poison Baits For Rats Form Part Of Campaign

LAHORE, May 29.

There is to be anti-rat campaign in selected areas in the Punjab in July, August and September this year. Sweetened poison baits will be put up and rat holes will be smoked up in all houses in selected villages and towns which are subject to visitations of plague in epidemic form.

This decision was taken at the concluding sitting to-day of the conference of officers of Public Health Department held to discuss anti-plague measures. The Conference commenced yesterday under the presidency of the Minister of Education, Sir Malik Firozekhan Noon.

It may be recalled that an anti-rat campaign was carried out in selected areas of Ambala division in 1926/27 and it is stated that it was then found that villages so insured against plague remained practically free from plague. The cost of that campaign was about two lakhs.—A.P.

GENEVA CONFERENCE TO CONTINUE

Speeches Of General Commission Will Be Broadcast

GENEVA, May 28.

Like Mr. A. Henderson, M. Barthou strongly favoured the continuation of the conference. On the suggestion of Mr. Henderson, it was decided to broadcast the speeches of the General Commission opening to-morrow.

The first two speakers will probably be Mr. Norman Davis and M. Litvinoff.

It is gathered that M. Litvinoff has dropped the idea of actually submitting a concrete pact of mutual assistance, but will suggest other proposals in his speech.

A homely lesson of peace was given by a couple of finches, who oblivious of the bustle and anxiety below, hopped in and out of the open skylight of the famous lobby all day, carrying twigs to build their nest in a hole in the ceiling.—Reuter.

£52,000 FOR EARTHQUAKE RELIEF

Lord Mayor Appeals For More Contributions

LONDON, May 29.

The Lord Mayor of London, in a letter to the Press, appeals for further contributions to the Indian Earthquake Relief Fund.

After quoting an official cable received by the High Commissioner for India on Saturday, emphasising that there is a greater portion of the work of reconstruction still to be done, the letter says that he received at the Mansion House for the Viceroy's Fund an amount of £52,000, made up from 7,230 donations from all parts of the British Isles and some from abroad.

He is confident that there are still many private persons and business firms, who would like to join this message of goodwill to the Indian people.

He trusts that as this urgent need is realised, there would be a further generous response.—Reuter's Special.

LANCASHIRE'S INTEREST IN BURMA

"Morning Post" Furious As There Is Little Hope Of Tariff Being Removed

LONDON, May 29.

Lancashire's interest in Burma is the subject of a leading article in the "Morning Post" The paper says according to a recent report there is some danger of the case going by default. A representative of British commerce in Burma who has been writing memoranda to the Select Committee in this connection, argues that Burma should remain within the Indian fiscal system, which means that Burma will have to continue paying a high tariff on cotton-goods for the support of the Ahmedabad mills, and Manchester goods will continue to be penalised by an iniquitous tariff which has almost killed Manchester's trade with India and has been used for the same purpose in Burma.

The Burmese farmers only interest is to get his cotton-cloth cheap and good. In view of the deplorable state of Lancashire, it is amazing that the British claim for equality with India in Burma should be ignored or understated.—Reuter.

MIDNIGHT MOTOR SMASH

Kaye Don And His Mechanic Injured Near Douglas

(Special Cable)

LONDON, May 29.

Kaye Don, the famous British motorist and his mechanic F. Taylor were injured n a midnight motor smash near Douglas, Isle of Man last night. After a cardparty Kayne Don took out an M.G. Magnette car, which was entered for a race on Wednesday. The car overturned on a narrow winding road.

Kaye Don received superficial injuries but Taylor was seriously injured and is not expected to recover.

TAYLOR SUCCUMBS.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 29.

Kaye Don's mechanic F. Taylor has died.

BELGIAN MINERS ESCAPE CUTS

King Leopold Appeals To Owners To Suspend Proposed Reduction

BRUSSELS, May 28.

One of the first of his people's difficulties which the new King Leopold encountered has been at least temporarily removed. At the behest of the Government the employers have agreed to suspend temporarily the proposed reduction of 5 per cent on coalminers' wages, though the employers urge the necessity of a prompt solution of the general problem affecting the industry.

It will be recalled that King Leopold while visiting the scene of the recent Paturages disaster personally promised the miners to do his best to see that the proposed wage reductions were not effected.—Reuter.

CONGRESS OF SCIENTISTS TO MEET IN LONDON

LONDON, May 29.

Scientists from all parts of the world will visit London at the end of July for the International Congress of Anthropological and Ethnological Sciences. This will be the first meeting of the Congress formed last year to promote study in all departments of research, which contribute to the scientific study of man in their application to races, peoples and modes of life.

Subsequent sessions of the Congress are to be held at intervals of four years. The Duke of York will welcome members of the Congress to London at the inaugural session on July 30.—B. O. W.

ONE DAY MORE FOR DEBT CONFERENCE

BERLIN, May 28.

The Debts Conference has survived another day when a breakdown seemed inevitable. Other delegates refused to continue the discussion without the Swiss, Dutch and French delegates whereupon the Reichsbank called another plenary meeting of all delegates to-morrow.—Reuter.

IMPERIAL RESEARCH

Transfer Of Pusa Institute To Delhi Decided Upon By Govt.

SIMLA, May 29.

The Associated Press understands that Mr. A. Raisman, I.C.S. Joint Secretary, Commerce Department, has been appointed, to officiate as a member of the Central Board of Revenue from the end of June when Mr. Hardy proceeds on leave under medical advice. The question of Mr. Raisman's successor as Joint Secretary Commerce Department, is now under the consideration of the Government of India.

PUSA INSTITUTE.

It is understood that the Secretary of State's sanction been received to closing down of Imperia Research Institute at Pusa and the tranfer of this institution to a suitable site in the vicinity of Delhi. It will be remembered that a conference was held in Delhi last cold weather to examine this project and Sir George Schuster, who was present at the conference, fully supported the scheme which was prepared by the Education Department. Mr. B. C. Burt was specially deputed to visit the different sites and submitted his views to the Government which have now been finally accepted.

COST OF TRANSFER.

The entire scheme of the transfer of the Research Institute at Pusa will cost roughly between 30 to 40 lakhs to which the Secretary of State has given his assent. Apart from the advantage of the useful institution coming into closer contact with the public and being more accessible to those who want to make use of it, one distinct gain will be the institute will be in close contact with provincial experts who visit Delhi from time to time and will take the benefit of the advice and guidance of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.

When the Pusa Institute was damaged by the last earthquake, the Government found that the most necessary repairs could not be completed for anything less than ten lakhs of Rupees which the Government thought would be money ill-spent as the transfer of the entire institute to a better locality would be more useful and even economical in the long run.—A P.

MOVE TO END PARTY SYSTEM IN JAPAN

TOKIO, May 28.

A combined campaign to end the party system is being prepared by all Rightist groups in consequence of the intensification of the political situation, partly as a result of the share dealing scandal of May 15. Several names have been mentioned for the Premiership but the Army desires the present Premier, Mr. Saito, with a reformed Cabinet, while the Navy will welcome any Cabinet that is strong.—Reuter.

"I Am Out To Demolish Inferiority Complex"

Mahatma Explains Object Of Harijan Movement

KENDRAPARA, May 29.

Addressing a large number of Harijans who assembled here this morning in connection with the celebration of All-Utkal Harijan Day, Mahatma Gandhi said:—

"I asm out to demolish the inferiority complex from the minds of Harijan brethren. It is this feeling which has been taken advantage of by the opponents of Harijan uplift movement and also includes the Harijans themselves to take the humiliating and absolutely irrational status assigned to them in society."

A touching scene was witnessed at Mahatmaji's camp to-day when a woman inmate was found weeping over the death news of a near relation of hers. Gandhiji consoled her saying that the best means of conquering death was taking no notice of it.

In this connection he incidentally cited the example of Mr. Satish Das Gupta of Khadi Pratisthan, Calcutta who did not stop spinning on charka for a single movement even when the cruel news of his son's death reached him. That is the example of real heroism which, he would like, every servant of the nation should emulate.—United Press.

PROMISE OF RELIEF FROM CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, May 29.

Public meeting was held here to sympathise with Bombay strikers ,Raghubardial Guru presided. Among other speakers, Balkrishna Sharma and Hariharnath Shastri exhorted the audience to give liberally towards the maintenance of workers on strike in Bombay It is understood that donations have been promised by leading nationalists, merchants and others.—A.P.

ATTEMPT ON BENGAL GOVERNOR'S LIFE

Of 39 Persons Arrested Only 2 Get Bail

DACCA, May 29.

Out of the 39 persons arrested in connection with the Lebong Shooting Outrage only two were bailed out on Rs. 500 each to-day. The rest were remanded to police custody.—United Press.

No Prominent Congressman Will Be Left Out

Efforts To Be Made To Secure Their Help In Electoral Campaign Of Board

NEW DELHI, May 29.

Following the resignation of Dr. Satyapal and Mr. Shriprakash from the Congress Parliamentary Board there is a feeling that some of the major provinces can afford to make room for representatives from other provinces. In any case if any vacancies occur, the President and the Acting President will consider the claims of the other provinces in accordance with the principles which have been adopted for the selection of members to the Board.

It is pointed out that various sub-committes are likely to co-opt prominent Congressmen to assist them in their work and thus efforts will be made to secure the assistance of all prominent Congressmen. All members of the Board and other Congressmen, it is hoped, will treat all communications relating to the Board as confidential, as premature publications of such communications sometimes lead to wrong impressions being created.

It is felt that the work of the Board will be greatly facilitated if only the results of such communications are published on the authority of the Board of its office-bearers.—A.P.

GERMAN MINISTER'S THREAT

Boycott Of Goods Tells On Nazis Who Talk Of Producing Substitute For Raw Materials

BERLIN, May 29.

The threat that Germany might be compelled to make a complete reversal of her industrial economy which might "react with tremendous force on world markets," was made by Herr Schmitt, Minister of National Economy, in a speech at Frankfurt on Main.

He complained that nations were excluding German exports and consequently Germany could buy less raw materials, and said this was the reason why the debts service could not be continued.

If this situation continued, Germany would be forced to rely on her chemists and engineers, and produce a substitute for raw materials.

This would not be a temporary palliative but a permanent transformation.—Reuter.

America Presses For Payment Of War Debts

Account Rendered Note Presented To Britain With Request For Settlement

LONDON, May 28.

The United States have presented to Britain an "Account rendered" note requesting the payment of 239,000,000 dollars war debt comprised of two half-yearly 1933 instalments of 66,000,000 and 88,000,000 dollars respectively, together with a half-yearly instalment in repayment of amounts suspended by the Hoover moratorium in 1931/32 of 9,721,000 dollars, and a half-yearly instalment due on June 15 of 75,390,000 dollars.—Reuter.

NOTE RECEIVED BY BRITISH AMBASSADOR

LONDON, May 29.

The British Ambassador at Washington, Sir Ronald Lindsay received on May 25, a note containing statements of the amounts due by His Majesty's Government in respect of war-debts on June 15 next, December 15 and June 15,1935 and advising him that payment may be made either at the Treasury in Washington or at the Federal Reserve Bank, New York.—B. O. W.

PARIS TO NEW YORK IN 36 HRS. & 28 MINS

French Airmen Fail To Break Own Record Owing To Engine Trouble

NEW YORK, May 28.

The French airmen Codos and Rossi landed here.

Engine-trouble frustrated their effort to beat their own long-distance flying record. They covered the 3,280 miles from Paris to New York in 36 hours, 28 minutes. Their descent was preceded by a rain of petrol upon the crowds in Floyd Bennett aerodrome, as they opened their tank cocks to minimise the risk of fire when landing.—Reuter's Special.

NEPALESE MISSION REACHES LONDON

RUGBY, May 28.

A formal welcome was extended to the mission from the Kingdom of Nepal which arrived in London this afternoon for the purpose of presenting the new Nepalese Honour to the King and the establishment of a permanent Nepalese Legation in London. The Mission is headed by a special envoy, General Bahadur, the eldest son of the Prime Minister of Nepal. For a fortnight, the members of the Mission will be the guests of His Majesty's Government, and when the official visit ends, the special envoy will present letters of credence on his appointment as the first Nepalese Minister to London. General Bahadur brings some rare gifts from Nepal for presentation to the King on occasion of his birthday.—B. O. W.

SCHUSTER SEES KING

LONDON, May 29.

The King received Sir George Schuster on relinquishing the appointment of the Finance Member of the Viceroy's Council.—Reuter.

CUSTOMS DISPUTE WITH NAWANAGAR

Govt. Of India's Action Characterised As "Inconsistent"

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, May 29.

The "Daily Mail" understands that Lord Dunedin has pronounced definitely in favour of the late Maharajah of Nawanagar in the case relating to the imposition of customs duty on goods shipped to Nawanagar ports for British India.

Lord Dunedin finds the action of the Government of India, demanding customs dues from Nawanagar, inconsistent with their undertaking and the Maharajah had "just cause for the complaint."

The paper adds that consequently, the Government of India will have to pay a considerable sum to Nawanagar.

PREMIER RETURNS TO LONDON

RUGBY, May 29.

The Prime Minister who has been spending the Parliamentary recess at Lossiemoth, travelled to London by air mail liner to-day accompanied by his son, Malcolm and daughter, Miss Ishbel. The journey was broken at Renfrew Aerodrome for inspection of the new premises of the Scottish Flying Club.—B. O. W.

WHOM DO YOU CONSULT for INCOME-TAX
Messrs. NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL
6, Ravelin St., Fort, Bombay. Tel. No, 22560. Telegraphic Address: "Kadambari."

Readers' Views

"Vexatious Treatment"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Mr. S. N. Kulkarni's letter appearing in your esteemed paper of the 28th instant voices the real grievances of the B.B. and C.I. season ticket holders against the treatment afforded to them by the Railway authorities. Ticket collectors have, of course, to do their duty. But are they doing it to the very letter in the cases of officers attached to the Railway? Railway officers can often been seen passing off the gates with a majestic air without showing their passes and the ticket collectors meekly give them a big salaam. The rules pertaining to free season tickets do not permit the holders to go away like that without showing them. When they travel they are passengers and do not deserve any better treatment than the other passengers. If it is beneath their dignity to take out the season tickets from their pockets to be shown to ticket collectors, it would be advisable for them to suspend their passes on to the 'open' of their coats so that the public will also follow their example. Will the General Traffic Manager issue a circular to this effect please?—Yours, etc.

K. MAHADEVAN.

Bombay, May 28.

A Vile Parle Grievance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Of late, the Vile Parle municipality has begun using a plot adjoining the town as trenching ground for night soil, sullage etc. This is becoming a veritable nuisance to the residents of Vile-Parle. Almost throughout the day, the night soil cars and other cars containing dirty water and refuse ply to and fro polluting the air. Sitting quietly for a few minutes in the porch in mornings and evenings too has become impossible without inhaling the filthy air and spitting frequently.

It is not understood how the municipality came to adopt a measure so contrary to all sanitary principles and use a plot in close proximity of the town for this purpose. It will not do to say that westerly breeze will blow the stench away from the town as south-easterly wnds during the monsoon will bring all the stench towards the town spoiling its reputation for a salubrious climate which it has hitherto enjoyed. Such a step cannot be justified even on grounds of economy, for it will be an economy misplaced and very dearly bought.

Will the municipality wake up betimes and mend matters at an early date?—Yours, etc.

BRIJ BASI LAL.

21, Nehru Road,
Vile-Parle, May 29.

Parent's Duty

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The fate of many candidates who have appeared for the Matriculation examination will be decided on 31st instant and every year we find some cases of suicide at the altar of the examination.

May I therefore request the parents, guardians and well wishers of the candidates through the medium of your paper to take proper care of them on that particular day and some days after it?

For a candidate's failure at this examination means a lot. His or her success or failure will make or mar his or her future career. Unfortunately, if a candidate fails he or she may take this to heart and may be tempted to take that drastic step of committing suicide which may bring about his or her premature end!—Yours, etc.,

M. G. VAIDYA.

Vasant Villa Marzban Rd.,
Andheri, May 28.

Music Concerts At Victoria Gardens

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Bombay Municipality will be doing a great service to the visitors of the Victoria Gardens if they will kindly provide them with better seating arrangements whenever music concerts are held. The seats now provided are so meagre that a majority of the public has to remain standing for a length of time.

There should also be a certain amount of control over such of the onlookers who gather there with a set purpose of spoiling the charm of the music by their shrieks and mockery. Otherwise it is better that no concert is held at all.—Yours etc.

K. MAHADEVAN.

WORLDWIDE BROADCAST OF BOMBAY PROGRAMMES

Govt. Of India Accept Proposal To Use Kirkee Transmitter Which Stands Preliminary Test

BOMBAY, May 29.

From 9-45 p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday) Bombay's radio programme will be broadcast to the world.

This is the first time that an Indian station will come on the map of the World Broadcasting and Indian programmes will have a world-wide range like Daventry, Qeezen and Kostwigk.

KIRKEE'S ADVANTAGE

The foreign Listener in Europe, Africa or Arabia will now have a new station to listen to. What is even more important is that Indian settlers in Africa, Arabia, Malay States, China and Japan can enjoy their homely tunes wherever they may be. In a tropical country like India where atmospheric interference is very severe this achievement has been made possible by the exhaustive experiments carried out by the engineers of the Indian Radio and Cable Communications Company. These engineers conceived the idea of utilising for broadcasting purposes the beam telephone transmitter at Kirkee from which daily radio telephone service to Europe, America, Australia and other places of the world is carried out.

PRELIMINARY EXPERIMENTS

The problems of wavelength, suitable longrange non-directional aerial, feeder system, monitoring gear and link up for a 120 miles land line had to be tackled. These preliminary experiments having proved successful, the proposal to use the Kirkee transmitter for broadcasting purposes was placed before the Indian State Broadcasting Authorities and the Department of Industries and Labour of the Government of India accepted the proposal.

The aerial power will be about 4.5 KW at about 31.36 metre.

Kirkee is probably the only station in the world which will broadcast a programme originating in a studio 120 miles away and connect by overhead lines running across tropical forests and huge mountain ranges.

The results of these transmissions, will, it is expected, go a long way in enabling the authorities to chalk out a plan for the whole of India.

PROBLEM OF BROADCASTING IN INDIA

To turn to broadcasting in India, an All-India broadcasting service is a problem which few countries in the world have been called upon to solve.

In the first place the size of the area to be served is staggering, being about the same size as Europe, less Russia. And Europe could never do with one or two central stations. For a small geographical area like the British Isles, there are at least six regional stations, each ten times as powerful as the present Bombay station.

QUESTION OF WAVELENGTH

A high power transmitter with some hundred kilowatts in the aerial and working on a long wage might give under favourable conditions a passable signal over the major portion of India. Unfortunately the country being mostly tropical in character, atmospheric interference is very severe. This is particularly so on long waves. The authorities are therefore compelled to examine the possibility of using short-waves band from fifteen to fifty metres for an all India service. Here interference is less and hence for a given aerial power a better grade of reception is possible.

SHORT-WAVE PROBLEMS

Now shortwave propagation has its own peculiar problems which are different to those of long-wave. Exhaustive experimental work on wireless reception carried out by eminent scients like Drs. Austin, Cohen, Sommerfeldt, Hollingworth, Pederson, Eckersley and others, has led to the conclusion that longwave energy travels from the transmitter to the receiver along the earth's surface. In the case of short-waves, on the other hand, a certain portion of the radiated energy travels along the earth's surface and the remainder shoots into the sky at an angle to the horizon. The former is generally lost in the course of propagation over a short distance, being absorbed in the resistance and dielectric losses at the earth surface. The sky radiation on the other hand travels up into the atmosphere and gets reflected back to the earth from heights ranging from some 80 to 1000 kilometres. It has been discovered that at these heights there are certain clouds or layers of electrified matter called electrons. Cosmic radiation, ultraviolet light from the sun, and radio-activity of the earth's surface are presumed to be the cause of the electron-layer commonly known as the Heavyside Layer. The layer can be compared to a big mirror. Wireless energy reaching this electron-mirror gets partially reflected and refracted back to the earth and thus reaches distances far beyond the range of the ground ray, over which it skips.

BUG-BEAR OF SHORT-WAVE

The density and height of the electron mirror depend in a large measure on solar activity. As this is a varying quantity for any given place, the height also varies. The layer is nearest the earth on a summer afternoon and farthest from ear in winter after midnight. Therefore the arrival at the earth of the reflected ray also varies giving rise to a signal of intensity varying from zero to a maximum. This phenomenon is called by the familiar name "fading." Fading is the bug-bear of short-wave reception. Thus this is the problem before Indian broadcasting namely whether to adopt a high power long-wave service with its inalienable atmospheric interference or to adopt a shortwave low power service providing clearer reception but subject to fading and skip zones.

POSSIBLE SOLUTION

A possible solution may be found in providing a simultaneous dual service on medium and shortwaves. The former will serve places near about the transmitter while the latter much longer distances at which medium waves would be inaudible. Thus medium and shortwaves have their own fields of utility and one could not replace the other and it is not to be expected that shortwaves mean the end of troubles in broadcast reception. They bring in new ones.—A.P.

POLICE CHIEF'S BAN EXTENDED

The Order of the Commissioner of Police, issued on May 24, prohibiting in the City of Bombay any assembly or procession in connection with the Textile Strike, has been extended for a month more, with effect from May 31.

INDIAN DAIRY INDUSTRY

Govt. Scheme For Research Institute In Bangalore

SIMLA, May 29.

The Government of India are proceeding apace with matters which they regard as essential for initiating a co-ordinated policy for economic improvement. Besides the proposed establishment of a Central Sugar Research Institute at Cawnpore, they have decided, and steps will shortly be taken, to establish a Dairy Industry Institute at Bangalore. The Animal Husbandry wing of the Board of Agriculture which met in New Delhi in February 1933 recommended the creation of such an institute properly staffed and equipped to deal with the problem of production of dairy products their handling and transport.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

The Standing Committee on dairying of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research which met in March 1934, emphasised the importance, from the practical point of view, of the functions which such an Institute could perform. It was, in fact, stated that the establishment of such an Institute was an integral part of the programme of the development of dairy products and that before the marketing of milk and other dairy products could succeed, good quality should be ensured.

EXPERT OPINION.

The object of the creation of the Institute at Bangalore with adequate staff is to ensure a continuous supply of good quality products. Experts are of the opinion that Indian milk could yield butter far cheaper than that of the best imported cattle and with proper development and organisation, the Indian dairy industry could compete with any other country in the world.

DECISION TO EXPAND.

The Government's decision is to expand the Imperial Institute of Animal Husbandary and dairying by the addition of creamery and laboratory accommodation. The creamery will be utilised for systematic investigations into the practical problems of dairying with village milk produced from Indian milch cows and buffaloes. At the laboratory will be carried on research into the physical and chemical properties of Indian milk and its reactions to the various forms processing under Indian conditions.

COST OF SCHEME.

The total cost of the scheme is estimated at four lakhs of Rupees while the recurring expenditure is estimated at half a lakh of Rupees. Mr. Kotwala, the present Director, will continue to be the Director of the expanded Institute.—A.P.

PALESTINE'S CONTRIBUTION TO BIHAR FUND

The firm of Shaikh Abdul Iatif Al Abdul Razzaq, a Syrian merchant in Bombay, has received a sum of Rs. 1,000 from the Grand Mufti of Palestine for the Bihar Relief Fund. Rs. 150/ has also been received from the Muslims of Jaffa, (Syria. The money will be remitted to the Viceroy's Fund.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Spare The Wireless Blow

"With reference to the announcement made in the press regarding the broadcasting of the Bombay matriculation results, the Associated Press understands that the same will not take place next Thursday, owing to technical reasons."

Everybody thought so. Of course for technical and other reasons! The matric numbers are too arithmetical even for expert numerologists. At the same time the technique of result production with its trail of the "plucked and ploughed" will baffle the skill of the best announcer. There are 18,437 candidates. Granting that the authorities are a bit liberal in view of the tough mathetics paper, the announcer, will have to be at it for hours. While he will have to help himself with occasional sips of lemonade, to make his throat going, many of the listeners at the other end, mostly examinees, will have to provide themselves with bottles of smelling salt for eventualities. Surely the radio which is purely for entertainment purposes, need not take upon itself this thankless mission.

Already philanthropists and humanitarians are in the field to stop this alarming increase in matriculation mortality and suicide. Supposing an anxious listener collapses of heart failure when his name is slurred over, it is possible that the city coroner may add special rider in the verdict "death due to wireless misadventure." Also the the S.P.C.A. can contemplate action under the Prevention of Cruelty Act! Why add to the woes of the announcer and tax the energies of the listener. The "Chronicle' will publish the full list.

Eunuchs Preferred!

The possibility of the eunuch in industrial warfare is the latest discovery of Bombay millowners. During the last strike, the millowners utilised the services of the late Mr. Milton Cubes, the famous Bombay boxer, for propaganda and pamphleteering purposes. The death of the boxing expert does not fully explain the grand transition from boxer to the eunuch. When a responsible man connected with the management of a prominent city mill was approached for an explanation for the change of personnel and strategy on the part of millowners, he jokingly remarked "sex appeal" as the cryptic explanation. But closer inquiries show that anti-strike pickets are not easily forthcoming, while eunuchs can be had cheap. However, even the so-called cheap eunuch picket has be to paid more than the sweated mill worker. Isn't it a bit melodramatic that our captains of industry are prepared to pay more for eunchs than for men?

Parsis Lead.

Suggestions have been invited from leading Parsis of the city by Lady Navajbai Tata and some prominent ladies and gentlemen regarding the re-organisation of the economic and educational life of the Parsis, particularly poor Parsis. The idea is a very laudable one and those who have moved in the matter deserve the congratulation of the other communities.

It has been suggested that the aged poor should be given doles—on the lines of the old age pension in England. The same is proposed for the disabled. Though there are already several Charities, which have been providing cheap housing for the middle class Parsis, it is the desire of the movers of the proposal that cheaper housing arrangements should be provided for the poorer Parsis. They also lay necessary stress on the problem of education of those, who are unable to bear the cost of high school and college education. Immediate relief to the unemployed in the community is also one of the items on which suggestions have been sought.

The Parsi community is easily the richest community, at least in Bombay, and there are comparatively an insignificant number of unemployed among them. The number of poor families is also small. It is upto the leaders of the other communities to open wide their eyes and follow the lead of their sister community, in at least helping the unemployed.

Confidence Trickster's Sad End

105 Half-Anna Pieces Recovered From Stomach After Operation; Strange Story Of Revenge

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) May 26.

There was recently admitted into the Osmania General Hospital, Hyderabad, a villager of Gogri in Nanded District, who complained of acute abdominal pains. He was conveyed to the hospital by the police.

An X-ray examination revealed the presence of foreign matter, and an operation was performed. But what was revealed as a result of the operation only stunned the surgeon who performed the operation, for it was found that the man's stomch contained no less than one hundred and five half-anna copper pieces. The man, whose name was Kebra, died shortly after.

Subsequent investigations by the police have brought to light the story of an extraordinary plan of revenge, conceived and carried out by four of Kebra's co-villagers whom the datter is alleged to have duped.

It appears that three years ago the deceased, who was a familiar figure in Gogri village, approached a Marwari of his acquaintance, whom he convinced that he possessed ocult powers by which he could double money and ornaments. So well aid he tell his story that the Marwari was induced to part with certain jewels for the experiment. Three other Marwaris, who were equally credulous, contributed more jewels, all of which, estimated at Rs. 5000/, it is alleged were then placed in a wooden box by Kebra who then buried it in the ground at a site known to all of them and performed "puja". Kebra, it is stated, warned the Marwaris that they should not dig up the box before the expiry of three months, at the end of which they would find their jewels doubled But when the day came round and the box was opened, the victims of the hoax only found stones instead of jewels and few copper coins.

GREEN CHILLIES AND COPPER.

The Marwaris kept their experience to themselves, fearing public ridicule, but swore to avenge their loss upon Kebra, who however, had meanwhile made himself scarce. Nevertheless the Marwaris hunted for their man high and low, till eventually they traced him to the village of Talab-ki-Bari, near Himayatsagar, from where they forcibly carried him back to Gogri village.

Here, it is alleged, they bound him hand and foot, and for a start, forced him to eat green chillies. Not content with this however, it is alleged, the culprits procured a large number of half-anna copper coins, which they proceeded to forcibly push down Kebra's unwilling throat. In this manner the man was made to swallow 105 half-anna pieces before he was set at liberty. The ordeal however, left Kebra with only sufficient strength to stagger to the nearest police station where he told his story. He was removed immediately to the Hadgaon Government Hospital for treatment and from there transferred to the Osmania General Hospital, Hyderabad, where he died following an operation.

One of the alleged culprits has been arrested but his three companions, who are all wanted on a charge of culpable homicide, are still absconding.—A. P.

MUNICIPALIZING MADRAS LIGHTING

Govt. Grants 5-3/4 Lakhs For Money-Saving Project

MADRAS, May 29.

The Government of Madras have sanctioned 5-3/4 lakhs rupees from the current year's budget for municipalising the street lighting of Madras, which was being managed by the Madras Electric Supply Corporation.

The total cost is estimated at Rs. 12-3/4 lakhs the Government promising the entire amount to be advanced as loan. The municipalisation ensures a saving of 1 lakh rupees per annum.—United Press.

SMUGGLING INTO BRITISH INDIA

Mr. Karanjia Returns To The Charge

Mr. Behram N. Karanjia writes: I have read the second telegram of the Associated Press from Simla and now I am convinced that the report has emanated from Government Department.

As Mr. Nind left Bombay only two days back, after acquainting himself with the real facts of the Pondicherry and Chandranagore smuggling, I have no desire to write any further about it, but may I inquire from the Central Board of Revenue that when it is stated that Chandranagore being 800 miles away, it is not possible to send the goods duty free as far as that town, as there is a strong cordon round Pondicherry, then how has it happened that silk piece-goods, that paid no duty, have arrived in Bombay and are seized by the Collector of Customs during this week? This nefarious trade has been carried on for the last six months and parcels after parcels were cleared from the Bombay Railway stations. The revenue lost to Government must be considerable.

Government must be aware that it is so difficult to give direct proofs in all cases of such smuggling unless some such seizure takes place, but there is ample circumstantial evidence to show that silk goods are smuggled in large quantities through foreign ports. It is most unfortunate that the Government seems to have no desire to help those who try to help them even at great personal sacrifice.

One post parcel sent from Pondicherry saves the sender the equal value in due, i.e. if the post parcel is valued at Rs. 100 the duty comes to Rs. 100. So it is very advantageous to evade British customs duty. I may go even a step further and say that large transhipment orders are taken from Bombay for Pondicherry for goods which are eventually brought back to Bombay, thus evading duties.

May I know why importance is given to the smuggling of silver and not silk? The duty on silver is 35 per cent while the duty on silk is 100 per cent and over.

As regards Cutch, the duty there on silk is 7 per cent and the goods are taken via the border to Dharangadra State, and from the latter place to the adjoining States. What steps has the Government taken or desires to take to prevent the goods from passing the borders of Cutch?

I am sure I am justified in stating that the Government of India is fully aware that before its notification, a considerable quantity of silk goods were transhipped to Pasni and Gwadur, brought back to British India and sold in various part not excluding Bombay where the principal silk market is situated. Is the Government not aware of the enormous loss in Customs revenue?

MADRAS TOO HAS HEAT-WAVE

MADRAS, May 29.

To-day a hot land breeze swept over Madras the thermometer marking 109.6 degrees. All business was practically suspended during the noon.

Kesavan, a student fell down unconcious on Broadway Road at 2-30 p.m. on account of sunstroke. He was removed to the General Hospital, where he has not yet recovered his unconsciousness.—United Press.

ELEPHANT'S MAD CAREER

Mahout Dashed To The Ground And Another Crushed To Death

PALGHAT, May 29.

A horrible tragedy was witnessed here when an angry and infuriated elephant ran amok, crushing two men to death.

A male elephane, during the course of a religious festival, it appears, suddenly caught hold of the Mahout and dashed him on the ground to death. People were taken by panic and confusion followed.

Another man was seized by the furious animal and was tossed into the air and then crushed to death till his body appeared like pulp. After a dramatic hunt, the Sub-Collector succeeded in capturing the animal. The elephant sustained severe gun-shot wounds.— United Press.

GOVT. PLEADER ASKED TO RESIGN

SYLHET, May 29.

It is reliably understood that Rai Bahadur S. C. Dutt, Government Pleader of Sylhet District, is going to tender his resignation as desired by the Local Government in view of the alleged objectionable political activities of his son, Barindra Dutt who was recently arrested under Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act.—United Press.

MAHATMA'S VISIT TO CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, May 29.

Brisk preparations are afoot regarding the reception to Mahatma Gandhi when he visits Cawnpore. Besides Municipal and District Boards, the Harijan women and social service leagues will present addresses to Gandhiji. He will also have a long discourse with the Sanatanists.—A.P.

LONDON, May 29.

Asked as to whether the Government intended to appoint a committee to arrange for the celebration in Britain and the Dominions the 25th anniversary of the King's accession, Mr. MacDonald replied that the matter was presently under consideration and hoped to make a statement shortly.—Reuter.

SHAN-CHINESE BORDER TROUBLE

Story Of Pretender's Bid To Gain Mongmao State

RANGOON,, May 29.

In connection with the recent report about the serious disturbance across the Shan-Chinese border, enquiries in official circles in Maymyo show that on the night of May 12 a pretender to the Mongmao State (Shan State in China) crossed into Mengmao and entered Manmawn village half of which was destroyed by fire. There were casualties on both sides and in the end the pretender and his followers retreated. No villages in Burma were concerned or affected, nor were Burman villagers, military or police involved in the trouble.—A. P.

STAND UNITED TILL DEMANDS ARE CONCEDED

Leaders' Round-up & Repression Condemned

Over 2000 strikers were present at the meeting held on Tuesday evening at Chunabhati, Kurla, when resolutions condemning the severity of the sentence passed on Mr. B. T. Randive and the policy of Government in rounding up the Labour leaders were passed. The meeting also congratulated the leaders now imprisoned, for their "heroic devotion to the workers' struggle against the offensive of the Millowners and the repression of Government."

Mr. Bhayaji Kulkarni; Mr. Rawl Pedneker and Mr. Gokhale addressed the meeting. They exhorted the strikers to stand united and, even though their leaders were imprisoned, to continue the struggle on which they had launched until an honourable settlement of their demands was reached.

There were no meetings of the strikers held in the Mill area on Tuesday night. But at a meeting of the Joint Strike Committee a resolution congratulating Mr. B. T. Randive and condemning the sentence passed on him on Tuesday was recorded.

Except for two minor incidents the first was the stoning of some black legs returning home from the Morarji Goculdas Mills and the second, the stoning of a car conveying some mechanics from the China Mills, Sewree—there was quiet in the Mill Area on Tuesday night.

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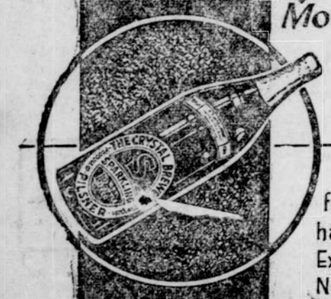

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Maharaja Of Kashmir Imports French Bloodstock

Camping And Quartz Arrive In Bombay Accompanied By Largition And Garter Princess

H.H. the Maharajah of Kashmir encouraged by the success of Pougatchev in the Eclipse Stakes of India, last February, has purchased several other French-bred animals.

CAMPING, a grey colt, who finished second to THOR II in the French Derby last year, arrived in Bombay recently. He was accompanied by QUARTZ, who ran third in the Lincolnshire Handicap on March 28th.

LARGITION, an English colt by Etnarch and GARTER PRINCESS also arrived by the same boat. All these animals will go to Jimmy Robinson, the veteran trainer, who will now have one of the strongest strings in Western India.

H.H. the Maharajah of Kolhapur, who is also interested in French-blood stock, has imported CHOBLE.

Although the weather was very trying in the Red Sea, the horses landed in excellent condition. I understand that the Kashmir lot will be given a spell in Dehra Dun before going into training. In any case they will only race in Calcutta during the Winter Campaign, and return to Bombay for the big meetings in 1935.

MAHARAJAH OF KASHMIR

TO REPAY PAST FAVOURS

American Doctor Treats Patients Free

Dr. Stewart McKee is administering free of charge to any one in Leavenworth in need of medical attention in order to repay what he terms a ddebt to the city and county for favours received by him.

"For thirty-six of the thirty-nine years I have practiced medicine in Leavenworth, I have held political positions," Dr. McKee said. "The city and county have been good to me and I have been able to save enough money for the remainder of my life. Now I feel I am able to repay, in part, for the favours to me."

Dr. McKee was a member of the government pension board in Leavenworth from 1896 to 1930 and was a surgeon at the United States prison from 1914 to 1926. For fourteen years he was physician for the city and county. He also headed the Board of Education.

ALLEGED EVADING OF TOLL PAYMENT

Important Issue Involved In Kurla Case

(From Our Correspondent).

KURLA, May 29.

An important point of law whether a lessee of a Government toll bar or his employee can be deemed a public servant, is involved in the prosecutions launched by Mr. Haji Abdul Satar Akhtarkhan, lessee, against G. Macligot, J. L. Stokes, M. J. Hatini and Fatmabai Yusuf, all of Bombay, for alleged evading payment of toll at Ghatkopar bar by taking their cars at full speed, and thus disobeying orders of a "public servant" on duty to stop their cars for the recovery of toll, fixed by the Government.

PROTEST AGAINST CASTE-DISTINCTIONS

Catholics Embrace Protenstantism

TANJORE, May 29.

The mass conversion of about 16,000 Roman Catholic Adi-Dravida Christians at Thrukkattupalli, near Tanjore, into Protestants has created a flutter among the South Indian Catholics.

Recently the Catholics held a meeting at Mayavaram at which speeches were made condemning the caste-spirit amongst the Roman Catholic Christians, who had not even a pretence of reason to observe caste distinction amongst themselves.

The South Indian Roman Catholic Association has been requested to enquire into the grievances of those Adi-Dravidas there and take necessary and useful steps "for the good of many souls."

It may be mentioned that the 16,000 Adi-Dravida Roman Catholics adopted Protestantism against the alleged caste-distinction observed by the Roman Catholics themselves.—United Press.

A police constable of Badin has been arrested and challaned under section 409 I.P.C for keeping bad accounts and embezzeling Rs. 40 received from fines.

GOVT. SUFFER DEFEAT

Municipality Re-Elects Removed Chairman

TRICHINOPOLY, May 29.

To indicate their unanimous opinion that the Municipal Chairman, who was recently removed from the office by the Government for alleged mal-administration, should be re-elected, the merchants of the town called upon a hartal, and almost all the shops in the town remained closed yesterday, the day for electing a new Chairman to the Municipality.

Meetings were held in various wards of the town, where the rate-payers approached their respective Councillors to return Mr. P.R. Thevar, the removed Chairman, again as Chairman.

The election was held in the evening at the Municipal Office, and to the great jubilation of a large crowd that thronged in the vicinity, Mr. Thevar was re-elected Chairman by a majority.—United Press.

FOREIGN CLOTH PICKETING ECHO

Magistrate Dismisses Nine Appeals

NAGPUR, May 29.

Appeals preferred by Haribhau Mohoni Radhakrishna Bajaj and seven other persons against the conviction for picketing foreign cloth shops were dismissed by the Additional Sessions Judge Nagpur to-day.

In doing so, the Magistrate remarked that there was nothing on record to show that the accused were convicted on "hearsay evidence" as alleged by the defence. (United Press.)

Philanthropic Millowner

MULTAN, (By Mail.)

The death has occurred of Rai Bahadur Seth Prabhu Dayal, M.B.E., Millowner, after a long illness. The Rai Bahadur, who was a great philanthropist, donated about Rs. 40,000 to the D.A.V. High School for the construction of a Hall in the school premises in memory of his father Seth Sukh Dev Bakshi Multani Chand. He also helped many other institutions.

The Rai Bahadur was prominently associated with the Widow Remarriage Society in Multan.—A. P.

HEAD OF SYRIAN CHURCH IN EAST

Forthcoming Visit To Bombay

A correspondent writes:—His Holiness Moran Mor Baselius, Catholicos of the Apostolic Throne of the East will arrie in Bombay on or about the 7th June, alighting at the Victoria Terminus. His Holiness is coming to Bombay to proceed to Syria to see the most Holy Father the Patriach of Antioch at the Throne of St. Peter. All Syrian Catholics and others who hailing from Malabar who wish to pay their respects to H's Holiness are expected to be present at the Victoria Terminus to give a warm reception to His Holiness. The exact date of the arrival of His Holiness will be announced on receipt of telegraphic intimation. On the 10th June His Holiness will solemnly celebrate Holy Mass at the Armenian Church, Medows Street, in the morning hours.

REORGANISING DELHI P. C. C.

Sardar Sardul Singh In New Delhi

NEW DELHI, May 28.

Sardar Sardul Singh, a member of the Congress Working Committee, arrived here from Calcutta to re-organise Delhi Provincial Congress Committee.

It is understood that an amicable settlement has been arrived at between the two rival groups and the Congress will begin funttioning from to-morrow.

It is learnt that there will be no party squabble for the forthcoming election to the Congress session to be held in Bombay.

Sardar Sardul Singh left tonight, by the Frontier Mail 'en route' to Lahore to orgainse the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee and after achieving that object he will go to to N.W.F. Province on a similar errand.—United Press.

NARA JAIL PRISONERS CLASH

HYDERABAD (Sind), May 29.

It is reported that a prisoner of Nara Jail, of the so-called "Sind Convict Gang," died of injuries received in a fracas between the two parties working on the Indus Regulator at Jamshoro, three miles from here. The Jail authorities who were immediately informed are making vigorous inquiries in the matter.—United Press.

ONE KILLED IN MINE ROCKBURST

KOLAR, May 28.

There was a rockburst in 6,000 feet level No. 4 Auxiliary Shaft Bhalaghat Section Nadidroog Mines. As a result of this, nine workers were injured and one of them fatally.—United Press.

MANAGING-AGENCY SYSTEM

(Continued from page 6).

and the company for empowering a director or manager of the company to assign his office as such to another person, any assignment of office made in pursuance of the said provision shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the said provision, be of no effect unless and until it is approved by a special resolution of the company."

This is no doubt an excellent section worthy of incorporation, bodily, in our Act.

DELINQUENT DIRECTORS

Under the present Act, when the delinquent Directors or officers are found to have committed fraudulent or other criminal acts in the course of liquidation both voluntary or compulsory, the liquidator has to launch a prosecution at the expense of the company itself. The result is that the creditors and shareholders object to the assets, which may have been left over after this mishandling of the companies' affairs, being further spent on prosecutions for the fruitless purpose of vindicating wrongs through getting these delinquents punished. They generally claim division of as large a share out of these assets left over among them, with the result that the delinquent Directors and officers are not troubled in the matter. In the English Act of 1929, a section has now been added on the recommendation of the Green Commission under which it is laid down that if during the course of liquidation it appears either to the liquidator in voluntary or compulsory liquidation or to the Court that an offence has been committed by any officer or Director of the company they should send up the papers to the Director of Public Prosecutions with instructions to take action on it. This prosecution, of course, would be conducted at public expense by the Public Prosecutor if he is satisfied that a "prima facie" case has been made out. We should have a similar section serted in our Act. It may be mentioned, however, that some years ago the late Justice Sir Dinshaw D. Davar sent up a case for prosecution of a company officer on his own acting under the inherent powers of the Court but this course has never been followed since, as evidently there is some doubt on the subject in the absence of a clear legislative sanction such as mentioned above.

(Concluded).

Three Bengali youths arrested on suspicion in connection with terrorist movement following the find of a 5-chambered revolver on April 29 were discharged by the Chief Presidency Magistrate today but were immediately rearrested under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act

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Latest Commercial News

More Southern Selling In New York Cotton

WEATHER FAVOURABLE BUT ACREAGE SMALLER

Slight Improvement In Gold And Silver

REACTIONARY SELLING IN CHICAGO WHEAT

Bombay, May 29.

On Tuesday, the sterling dollar and the sterling Franc Cross Rates fluctuated within a small margin.

OPENING TONE STEADY IN NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York cotton market opened steadier on good local buying influenced by better Liverpool advices and a better Stock Exchange. The advance however brought out more Southern selling and liquidation. Weather reports are favourable but the acreage is smaller.

SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT IN BULLION.

The London gold and silver prices improved slightly to-day.

STEADY TONE IN LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Liverpool and Chicago wheat opened steady but there was some reactionary selling and the lack of buying power in Chicago.

GILTEDGED SECURITIES IN POOR REQUEST.

The London Stock Exchange was inactive. Giltedged securities were in poor request.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(October 1934.)

New York, May 29.

Previous closing rate	11.63
To-day's opening rate	11.69
Difference	+.06
To-day's closing rate	11.64
Difference	+.01

Broach Expectation July Rs. 199

LIVERPOOL COTTON (October 1934)

Liverpool, May 29.

Previous closing rate	5.94
To-day's opening rate	5.94
Difference	unchanged.
To-day's closing rate	5.99
Difference	+.05

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, May 29.

In the absence of any new developments the market has assumed a quiet appearance and the speculative activity has slowed down as a result of which the market has become a trading affair. Outside interest for the moment has ceased and traders are awaiting some new incentive to spur them to further activity meanwhile weather reports continue to give a favourable showing although this fact is somewhat eclipsed by indications of a smaller acreage and a firm situation on the spot section.

Trading in October commenced at 11.69 i.e. 6 points higher than the previous closing. Trading was fairly active on good local buying influenced by better advices from Liverpool and a better stock market but the advance brought out more southern selling and liquidation and prices lost ground with October touching 11.62 when the market became somewhat steadier on some local support

The New York Cotton market finally closed at 11.64 with a rise of 1 point.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 29.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.40/11.38) 11.48/11.48
October (11.61/11.60) 11.69/11.68
Dec. (11.72/11.71) 11.81/11.79

LIVERPOOL COTTON

London, May 29.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m

American May (5.92) 5.99
American May (5.93) 5.99
Egyptian July (8.18) 8.20
Egyptian July (8.22) 8.22

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, May 29. 10-30 p.m.

Broach J-A. was traded in at Rs. 200-4 with New York opening futures 6 points up but subsequently the rate declined to Rs. 199-4 with New York futures 1 point down.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, May 29.

Previous closing	5.09
To-day's opening	5.08 5/8
To-day's closing	5.08

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, May 29.

Previous closing	5.08 5/8
To-day's opening	5.08 7/8
To-day's closing	5.08 5/16
Difference	—.00 5/16

FRANC RATE

London, May 29.

Previous closing	77.09
To-day's opening	77.09
To-day's closing	77.06
Difference	—.03

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 29.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollars at 5.08 7/8 but later eased to 5.08 11/16 thereafter further falling to 5.08 1/2.

The sterling dollar Cross Rate closed at 5.08 5/16.

The Franc opened at 77.08 and remained practically steady with slight variations

The Sterling Franc Cross Rate closed at 77.06.

LONDON SILVER

London, May 29.

The market was quietly steady.

	Last price	To-day's Price.
Spot	19 1/2d	19 9/16d.
Forward	19 1/2d.	19 5/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, May 29.

Gold per ounce £6-16-8 1/2 £6-16-9

BULLION

London, May 29.

Influx (nil) £100,000.
Withdrawal (nil) nil.
Silver (19 1/2d.) 19 9/16d.
Gold (£6-16-8 1/2) £6-16-9

DISCOUNTS

London, May 29.

3 months (15/16 to 15/16 p.c.) 15/16 to 15/16 p.c.
4 months (15/16 to 1 p.c.) 15/16 to 1 p.c.
6 months (1 to 1 1/66 p.c.) 1 to 1 1/16 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, May 29. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/32) 1-6 1/32
Paris on Bombay (5.82 3/8) 5.79 1/2
New York on Bombay (38.31) 38.31
Berlin on Bombay (0.95 3/4) 0.95 5/8
London on Milan (59.90) 50.75
London on Shanghai (1-3 1/2) 1-3 1/2
London on Kobe (1-2 7/32) 1-2 1/4

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 29.

Local silver opened steady at Rs. 53/13, 53/14 and 54 prices improved on some scattered buying but later declined on liquidation and profittaking however on better London advices rates slightly advanced and closed steady at Rs. 54/2, 54/3 and 54/5.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 33/15/6. 33/15/6 and 34. The market was quiet in the absence of quieter foreign advices and no important movements were recorded after slight fluctuations prices finally closed steady at Rs. 33/15/9, 33/15/9 and 34.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 29.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with July at 55 3/4 and October at 58 3/4 i.e 3/4 penny higher. Business was active on improved buying influenced by strength of firmer advices from abroad and good business was reported

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Chicago, May 29.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 98 and July at 96 1/2. Prices declined on reactionary selling and lack of buying power, together with some commission house selling.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE.

Chicago, May 29.

Chicago oats opened steady with July at 41 1/4 but business was rather inactive in the absence of any speculative demand.

Chicago rye prices were not quoted.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 29.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. in the London markets:—

METALS.

Tin (£233 3/4 buyers £234 sellers £234 buyers £234 1/4 sellers steady.

Lead (£10 7/8 buyers £11 sellers) unquoted barely steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£35 3/4 to £36 1/4) £36 to £36 1/4

Glasgow (70) 70

JUTE

Crop June-May (£14 5/8) £14 5/8 value.

Dundee May (£17 sellers) unquoted.

Lightning May (£15 3/4 sellers) unquoted.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-1) 1-1
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4) 1-4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1) 1-1
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3) 2-3

RUBBER

Spot (5 7/8) 5 7/8 paid and sellers.
April-June (6) 5 15/16 paid and buyers.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay May-June (£12 15/16) £13 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta May-June (12 3/4) £12 3/4 sellers.

Linseed La Plata May-June (£11 1/4) £11 1/4 sellers.

Rapeseed Toria May-June (£10 13/16) £10 3/4 sellers.

REDEMPTION OF TATA IRON STOCK

In connection with its issue of first mortgage debenture stock the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., will, in accordance with the conditions endorsed on the stock certificates, hold a drawing for the redemption of stock on the Bombay register at their registered office, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, at 3 p.m. on June 5 of a certain amount of debenture stock for purposes, of redemption.

A simultaneous drawing will be held on the same day and at the same hour at Capel House, New Broad Street, London E.C. 2, in respect of stock registered in the London register

FURTHER DECLINE IN JUTE SHARES

CALCUTTA, May 29.

Jutes Shares eased off further to-day due to further fall in hessian market and poor outside support. There was a rally towards close. In coals only limited business was put through.

Teas were unchanged. Miscellaneous were featureless. Securities were quiet, but steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3-1|2 per cent paper 89|2; 3-1|2 per cent loan 1947|50 98|8; 4 per cent loan 1943 104|8; 4 per cent loan 1934|37 100|8; 4 per cent loan 1960|70 103|7; 5 per cent loan 1945|55 116|3; 5 per cent loan 1940|43 108|12.

Banks:—Central 26|6 small lot; Imperial fully paid 1350 small lot; Imperial conty. 336 small lot.

Coals:— Amalgamated 20|4; Bhalgora 2|13; Bhulanbararee 8; Nazira 8|15; New Beerbhoom 13|14 Union 14|2.

Jutes:— Adamjee ordy. 10|4 ex div.; Adamjee pref. 111 ex div; Barnagore 152; Belvedere 366; Clive 29|2 Dalhousie pref. 135; Howrah 50|6; Hukumchand 13|12 small lot; Hukumchand pref. 108|8; Kamarhatty 329; Kanknarrah 446 small lot; Naihati 394 small lot; National 23|4 small lot; New Central pref. 135 small lot; Orient 211|8 small lot; Presidency 5|11; Union 433|8 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal chemichal ordy. 295 cum. div.; Benares electric 12|4; Bengal telephone pref. 14|14; Googhly flour 12|2; B. I. Corporation pref. Midnapore zemindary 62|8.

Tea Shares.—Bishnauth 33|4; Dhunseri 3|12; Hasimara 42|12; Hattikhira 27|12; Jaybirpara 25|4 small lots; Kalacherra 52; Teliapara 540.

VOLUME OF BUSINESS SMALL ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE

ANGLO PERSIANS WEAKENED DESPITE 7½ p. c. DIVIDEND

Russian Purchase Of West Australian Wheat At Current Rates

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 29.

On the Stock Exchange the volume of business was small and the general tone continued somewhat irregular. Among oil shares Anglo-Persian weakened despite the maintenance of the dividend for the year at 7 1/2 per cent and the increase in net profits by 2,64,301 to 2,644,000 sterling. The market however expected an increased dividend.

In commodities wheat advanced in sympathy with American advices which reported small Australian acreage and bullish American crop news, the largest business on record being done in options. Interesting item was the Russian purchase of West Australian wheat for shipment to Vladivostock at current rates.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 29.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £89 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 29. 3-30 p.m.

The Stock Exchange markets generally were quiet. Giltedgeds were dull. Oil shares were weaker. Industrials in general were very quiet.

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Consols (£77 7/8) £77 5/8

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (102 3/4) £102 5/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 1/4) £109 1/4

4 per cent Funding Loan (£113 1/8) £113

6 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 3/8) £102 1/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£111 1/8) £111.

INDUSTRIALS

Brazilian Traction (dol 9 1/4) dol 9 3/8
International Holding (dol 1 3/4) dol 1 3/4.
Hydro Electric (dol 5 1/4) dol 5 1/4
Musical Industries (31-6) 32-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (38-0) 38-0.
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (35-1 1/2) 34-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical Def. (9-1 1/2) 8-10 1/2
Woolsworth New Ord. (99-0 ex div.) 99-0
Swedish Match (8-6) 8-1 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (48-10 1/2 ex div) 48-6
University Ordinary (23-0) 23-0
Ford Motors (34-0) 34-6
Cables and Wireless (£6 7/8) £6 7/8
British American Tobacco (118-9) 118-9
Camera 'A' (£7 7/8 ex. div. £7 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ord. (126-6) 126-6.
P and O S N Co. Defd 17-9) 17-0
Distillers (90-9) 90-9
Bredrurd Dyers (14-9) 14-9
British Ceylonese (11-0) 11-9
J and P Coates Ordinary (63-0 ex div) 63-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (50-6) 50-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (10-9) 10-9.
Wickers Ltd Ordinary 11-0) 11-0.
Inter Nickels (25 3/4) 26 3/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-10 1/2) 5-10 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£113) £113.

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 29. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£77 1/8) £77
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£90 1/4) £90
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£110 1/4) £110
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-68 (£111 3/8) £111 3/8.
4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1948-58 (£105 1/2) £105 3/8
3 1/2 per cent New Indian (1954-59) (£97 1/2) £97 1/2.
5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£111 1/4) £111 3/8

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-65 (£110 1/4) £110

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (28-0) 28-0
Doran Tea (58-0) 58-6
Impire of India and Ceylon (39-0) 37-6

JUTES SHARES.

Barnagore (12) 12.

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo-Dutch Rubber (25-0) 25-0.
Gulla Kelampong (23-1 1/2) 22-6
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (32-3) 31-9

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (56-9) 56-9
Burma Corporation (13-6) 13-6
Rio Tintos (18 1/2) 18 1/2.
East Rand Proprietary (38-6) 38-6.
Rand Mines (140-0) 140-0

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela (36-10 1/2) 36-10 1/2
Anglo-Persian (51-3) 45-0
Burma Oil (105-7 1/2) 105-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (8-9) 8-9.
Shell Transport (48-1 1/2) 48-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (£20 5/8) £20 5/8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 29.

The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange.—

General Motors (dol 33 1/8) dol 33 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 14 3/4) dol 14 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 41 1/8) dol 41 3/8
United States Steel preference (dol 85 1/4) dol 85 3/4
The New York Stock Exchange will remain closed on May 30, 1934.

(Continued from Col 7.)

silver; 14 cases cotton embroidered goods; 225 cases motor covers; 94 cases macaroni; 32 cases olive oil; 26 cases paper; 20 cases rayon yarn; 500 cases slates; 100 cases tiles; 45 cases files; 8 cases machinery; 50 cases condensed milk; 1109 cases nails; 70 cks. chemical; 500 bags stone chips;

From Catania:—26 cases lemon;; 1027 bags sulphur.

From Naples:—1400 drums bleaching powder.

From Marseilles:—25 cases wine; 200 bags gum styrax; 23 cases leather cloth; 60 cases vermouth; 170 cases bolts and nuts; 313 cylinders chlorine.

For Leghorn:—151 bx. tinplates; 180 bundles German silver ware; 47 bales rugs; 22 bales woollen and cotton plaids; 50 cases boric acid; 200 bags almond; 34 cks. borax; 4075 pcs. marble slates.

From Port Said:—58 pkgs. beds and parts.

S S Aungban, agents B Shell Oil Co, from Rangoon:—50 nongs empty casks; 924237 gallons kerosene oil; 1235 cks. lub oil; 43 cks., 202 cases and 26 kgs. grease; 125 cks. turpentine; 29 cases bus oil; 55 cks. malarial; 15 cases shell tox; 1365 cases candles; 264 bags and 48 bags wax; 134 pkgs. fancet caps.

S S Baron Yarborough, agents G Trading Co Ltd; from Calcutta:—5243 tons coal.

S S Barala, agents M M and Co, from Busrah:—107 bags mash.

From Mohmerah:—20 bags skins.

From Bushire:—70 bags gum tragecauth; 22 bags q. seeds; 10 bags p. seeds; 51 bags goat skins.

From B Abbas:—17 bundles rose buds 68 bales cotton.

From Hormuz:—2000 bags red oxide.

From Muscat:—3 bundle specie; 437 bags sardines; 40 bundles salted fish; 618 bx. dates.

From Dubai:—3 tins specie.

From Karachi:—440 cases dry fruits; 242 bales cotton; 5235 bags wheat; 1363 bags barley; 520 bags bajree; 125 bags wheat flour; 70 bags papper khar; 365 bags gram; 30 bags poppy seeds; 200 drums caustic soda.

S S Jalabala, agents S S N Co., from Rangoon:—13258 pcs. teak scantlings.

From Tuticorin:—71 boras cotton waste.

From Cochin:—304 bags cocoanuts; 56 bags ginger; 30 bags dry chillies; 330 bundles coir rope; 917 bundles coir yarn.

From Ponani:—53 bundles coir yarn; 55 bundles cascus roots; 3391 bags coccanuts.

From Calicut:—170 bags cotton; 31 bags cotton waste; 94 bags sandal wood; 169 bundles coir yarn; 110 bundles coir rope; 178 bags copra; 2137 bags cocoanuts.

From Mangalore:—13 cases cardamoms; 218 bags supari.

SHIPPING NEWS

Exports & Imports

ARRIVALS.

May 29.

Pasha, Jones, Calcutta.
Ceylon, Torsell, Oslo.
Barenfels, Muller, Marmagoa.
Gleneden, Johnstone, Rangoon.
City of Dunkirk, Jones, Liverpool.

DEPARTURES.

May 29.

Gharinda, Walsh, Calcutta.
Jalabala, Triele, Rangoon.

May 30.

Barala, Dunhirst, Busrah.
Takliwa, Carter Durban.
Dalgoma, Beeching, London.

LOADING

May 29.

Steamer City of Dunkirk for Liverpool.
Steamer Rajputana for Kobe.
Steamer President Adams for New York.
Steamer Camlibark, for New York.

AFRICAN MAIL REPORT.

S S Takliwa:—The B I S N Co's mail steamer Takliwa, will sail to-day for Durban, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Dalgoma:—The M M Coy's steamer Dalgoma, will sail to-day for London, with a general cargo and 10 passengers.

S S Pasha:—The T M Coy's steamer Pasha, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Calcutta, with a general cargo and coal.

S S Ceylon:—The L Edwards Ltd., steamer Ceylon, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Oslo, with a general cargo.

S S Barenfels:—The L Edwards, Ltd., steamer Barenfels, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Marmagoa, with a cargo of groundnut.

S S Gleneden:—The J Mackintosh Coy's steamer Gleneden, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Rangoon, with a cargo of rice.

S S City of Dunkirk:—The K N Coy's steamer City of Dunkirk, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Liverpool, with a general cargo

S S Gharinda:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Gharinda, sailed yesterday for Calcutta. with a general cargo.

S S Jalabala:—The Scindia, S N Coy's steamer Jalabala, sailed yesterday for Rangoon, with a general cargo.

S S Barala:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Barala, will sail to-day for Busrah, with a general cargo and passengers.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, May 29.

S S Dalgoma for London:—780 bags groundnut oil cakes M Hoosein and Sons; 7 bales animal skins I L Hassam.

S S Barenfels for Hamburg:—50 bales cotton fly, and 181 bales cotton raw Textile Products Ltd; 2 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 70 bags gum J Mansey and Co; 167 bags gum karaya S Khetsey and Co; 1778 bags linseed R Ratilal and Co; 2000 bags myrabollum H Bhagvandas and Co.

For Bremen:—250 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.

For Rotterdam:—2560 bags groundnut oil cakes A Oomerbhoy; 700 bags linseed oil cakes H A K Oomerbhoy; 3450 bags myrabollum C Jivandas and Co; 690 bags linseed oil cakes M Hoosen and Sons; 105 bales cow hides D Abraham and Sons; 55 bales cotton raw Bombay Co., Ltd; 62 bags kardi seed K Trikamji; 1200 bags myrabolum H Bhagvandas and Co.

For Antwerp:—59 bales cotton fly M Narattamdas and Co; 100 bales hemp B Premji and Co; 125 bales cotton raw Bombay Co, Ltd; 168 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Gothenburg:—37 bales cotton fly Textile Products Ltd; 30 bales cotton fly and 30 bales cotton thread waste L O Vora; 25 drums castor oil Swastik Oil Mills Ltd.

For Malmo:—25 drums castor oil Swastik Oil Mills Ltd.

For Stockholm:—1400 bags groundnut oil cakes H A K Oomerbhoy.

For Aahus:—1400 bags groundnut oil cakes H A K Oomerbhoy;

For Ghent:—110 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Tallin:—28 bales hemp M Nissim.

For Odense:—30 bales hemp B Premji and Co.

S S President Adams for New York:—105 bales cotton waste B Karsondas and Co; 15 cases cotton prints Thos Cook and Son; 280 bags gum karaya N Mulji and Co; 140 bags gum karaya D Mavji and Co.

For Piracus:—265 bags groundnut seed H Khiaram.

For Marseilles:—564 bags mustard seed Volkart Bros.

For Port Said:—50 bales cotton raw H Khiaram.

S S Cowlibank for New York:—3 cases brass ware and 1 case cotton prints Cox and Kings Ltd; 63 bales goat skins D Abraham and Sons.

For Philadelphia:—59 bales wool raw and 88 bales goat skins D Abraham and Sons.

S S City of Dunkirk for Manchester:—1015 bales cotton raw K Devchand and Co; 125 bales cotton raw B Mavji and Co; 25 bales cotton fly Indian Produce Export Co; 100 bales cotton thread waste B Mahasukhram and Co; 33 bales cotton thread waste V P Maskai.

For Liverpool:—30 bales cotton fly Indian Produce Export Co.

For Ghent:—110 bales cotton raw B Mavji and Co.

For Antperp:—2000 tons boulder ore T Morrison and Co.

For Dunkirk:—220 bales cotton raw B Mavji and Co.

S S Tiherton for St. Vincent:—2148 bags castor seed Ralli Bros.

S S Pacific Maru for Kobe:—83 tons iron scrap C Harilal and Co; 800 bales cotton raw Breul and Co; 1245 bales cotton raw N Nagsi and Co; 100 bales cotton raw V Ladha and Co; 200 bales cotton raw N Maneklal; 100 bales cotton raw Cotton Agents Ltd; 300 bales cotton raw N Fatehally and Co; 100 bales cotton raw O Suleman and Co; 200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co; 480 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton raw G Dossa and Co.

For Osaka:—200 bales cotton raw V Ladha and Co; 550 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Moji:—500 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Nagoya:—300 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Yokohama:—100 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, May 29.

S S India, agents L Triestino, from Genoa:—60 bundles German

(Continued in Col. 4 & 5.)

"FIRST AID"

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN, but mistakes are avoidable. How often a trivial injury, a scratch, a cut or an insect bite has developed into a painful or even fatal illness through the mistake of failing to cleanse and disinfect thoroughly at first.

MERCKOZONE

which is the MERCK brand of Hydrogen Peroxide (12 Vols) is an ideal antiseptic germicide and cleansing agent and a bottle should be kept in every home for such emergencies.

MERCKOZONE

has a hundred uses in surgical, toilet and domestic hygiene. No household can afford to be without it.

But see that it is MERCKOZONE and not a nameless brand of Peroxide which may be impure or practically inert.

ALL CHEMISTS STOCK IT
In 4 oz., 10 oz. and 20 oz Patent Bottles.

Made Only By

E. MERCK, DARMSTADT, GERMANY

B. C. 1

NEW YORK MARKET COLOURLESS

Fundamentals Mainly Bearish

BUT TIGHT SOUTHERN SPOT SUSTAINING MARKET

BOMBAY, May 29.

Yesterday the New York cotton market opened 3 points lower at 11-60 for October and declined further to 11.56 on foreign selling in the initial stage. On trade buying appearing later however prices rallied and touched 11.63 at about the Liverpool close. Far East buying further assisted the rise at this stage and renewed activity culminated in the price level reaching as high as 11.71, on profit-taking and realization, however, prices reacted and at close the gains over the last closing were wiped off, leaving prices unchanged at 11.63.

The highest and lowest levels of the day were 11.71 and 11.56 respectively.

The Spot Cotton was neglected and closed unchanged at 11.60.

The New York market will remain closed on Wednesday the 30th instant.

NEW ORLEANS.

There was not much doing in the New Orleans market which closed at a rise of 2 points, July being 11.42 and October 11.61.

The Spot Cotton gained 2 points and closed at 11.52

Cabling on the state of the market, an esteemed correspondent remarks that although fundamentals remain mainly bearish, the market is sustained by tight southern spot situation due to the withdrawal of nearly four million bales against Washington loans and disinclination on the part of the speculators to sell short during growing season

Yesterday the Liverpool market due 6 points up, opened easy at 5.90 for October which was only 4 points higher and declined further to 5.89 in the initial stage on a little hedge selling, but this was soon offset on straddle buying of new crop and shorts covering which carried prices to 5.95 the highest of the day. The close was a bit easy at 5.94 with a gain of 8 points.

The spot cotton was however neglected and suffered a loss of 3 points at 6.17 The highest and lowest levels of the day were 5.95 and 5.89 respectively.

EGYPTIAN.

Business in this section was also negligible and Sakel July and November closed unchanged to one point higher, the former being 8.23 and the latter 8.24.

Upper July closed at 6.55 and November at 6.59.

ALEXANDRIA.

The Alexandria market was comparatively weaker and closed 3 points lower at 15.16 for Sakel July and 11.58 for Upper June.

EAST INDIAN.

The East Indians were rather stiff and closed 7 points higher at 4.81 for July and 4.78 for October.

PRIVATE CABLES—

From Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co:—

Liverpool: Although fundamentals mainly bearish, market sustained by tight southern spot situation due withdrawal nearly four million bales against Washington loans and disinclination speculation to sell short during growing season.

Liverpool: Dull trading market. Straddle buying distance offset by July liquidation. Bearish.

New York: On account Administration's silver programme and likelihood one million bales being given for relief, we expect higher prices.

From Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj: New York: Reacted on profit taking; farmers holding back their cotton notwithstanding poor demand. Prefer buying on declines only.

From New York Cotton Exchange Service:—

America: Cloths quiet, mills unwilling to sell summer deliveries at current quotations. Under N. R. A. order, mills will curtail 25 per cent from June 4th to August 25th. Activity now somewhat below maximum allowable. England: Demand slow owing holidays. Continent unfavourable except Germany. Japan selling more than current production; position very good.

From Messrs Patel Bros:—

Liverpool: Straddle buying distant May.

From Messrs. M and B Stern:—

Liverpool: Seasonal scarcity of contracts holding market. Crop doing well. Think present prices high enough for the moment.

From Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee:—

New York: Far east is buying at current levels but outside demand is poor with southern selling appeaing on any advance. Weather conditions continue favourable.

It is a trading market small acreage and the strength of spot holders are offsetting good weather reports. There is a small demand for dry goods,

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, May 28.

July 1934	11.42—1
October 1934	11.63
December 1934	11.75+1
January 1935	11.80+1
March 1935..	11.90—2
Spot	11.60

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, May 28.

July 1934	11.42+2
October 1934	11.61+2
December 1934	11.73+3
Spot	11.52+2

NEW YORK.
New York, May 28.

New York 10-55 a.m.—	
July 1934	11.43
October 1934	11.63
December 1934	11.74
New York Noon Call—	
July 1934	11.42
October 1934	11.63
December 1934	11.74

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, May 28.

	Bales.
Days' Receipts at all U. S. Ports..	6,000
Days' Exports to Great Britain	3,000
Days' Exports to the Continent	6,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, May 28.

	10-10 a.m. Quotations.	To-day Prices.
May 1934		5.96
June 1934		5.97
July 1934	5.94	5.97
August 1934 ..		5.96
September 1934 ..		5.95
October 1934 ..	5.90	5.94
November 1934 ..		5.92
December 1934 ..		5.12
January 1935 ..		5.92
February 1935 ..		5.92
March 1935		5.93
April 1935		5.93
May 1935		5.93
Middling Spot ..		6.17

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, May 28.

BROACH :—	
Fully Good (Good Staple) ..	4.84
Fine (Good Staple)	4.99
Superfine (Good Staple) ..	5.14
OOMRA :—	
Good (No. 1 Staple)	4.91
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.06
Choice (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.21
BENGAL :—	
Good	3.59
Fine	3.69
Superfine	3.79
SCINDE :—	
Good	3.69
Fine	3.79
Superfine	3.89

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, May 28.

SAKELLARIDIS :—	
May 1934	8.19
July 1934	8.23
October 1934	8.24
November 1934	8.24
December 1934	8.22
January 1935	8.22
March 1935	8.25
F. G. F. Spot	8.38

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.
London, May 28.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25 C. & F. Calcutta per cwt. May/June nominal 6/1-1/2.

C. & F. Bombay per cwt. May/June sellers 5/10-1/2.

C. & F. Karachi per cwt. May/June sellers 5/10-1/2.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, May 28.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed lb., 5-7/8 sellers.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, May 28.

T. T. London on :—	
Berlin	12.99
Amsterdam	7.50-3/4
Brussels	21.75-1/2
Madrid	36.21
Milan	59.84
Berne	15.65
Paris	77.09
Prague	122.12
T. T. London on New York	
Closing rate	5.08-5/8

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, May 28.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0-15/15 per cent to 0-15-16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 1 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market 2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 0-3/4 per cent.

Interest 7 Days market Loan 0-3/4 per cent.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, May 29

B C RATE—
T T D D 1/5 15/16

LONDON BANKS—
Selling T T D D 1/6 May-Dec.
Selling T T 1/5 31/32 Jan-Mar.
Buying T T 1/6 1/32 May-Dec.
Buying D D 1/6 1/16
Buying 3 mos 1/6 1/8 Mail
Buying 3 mos 1/6 1/8 June-Dec.

NEW YORK B C RATE—
T T 264

NEW YORK—
Banks selling T T 262
Banks buying T T 261

PARIS—
Banks selling D D 575
Banks buying D D 585

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 55 7/8

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 55 5/8

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 79 1/2
Banks buying 60 days 78 1/4

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 96 1/2

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 87 1/4

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157 1/4

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 90

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 5.08 7/8 28th instant
Shanghai/London 1/3 1/2 29th instant
Japan/London 1/2 9/32 29th instant
London/Paris 77.12 28th instant
London/Belgium 21.76 28th instant
London/Switzerland 15.64 28th instant
London/Italy 60.00 28th instant
London/Berlin 13.00 28th instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 28th instant
London/New York 5.08 1/2 28th instant
London/Amsterdam 7.50 1/2 28th instant
Java/London 7.46 28th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £6-16-6 26th instant £6-16-8 1/2 28th instant
Silver London Ready 19 1/2 26th instant 19 1/2 28th instant
Silver London Forward 19 9/16 26th instant 19 1/2 28th instant
Silver New York Ready 45.00 26th instant 45.07 28th instant
London discounts 3 mos 15/16 per cent 26th instant 15/16 per cent 28th instant.
London discounts 6 mos 1 per cent 26th instant 1 per cent 28th instant.
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

MONEY :—
Call 1 per cent
3 mos 1 per cent.
6 mos 1 per cent
Tone: Easy.

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, May 28.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe, Parcels, May/June sellers 19/1-1/2.

Wheat, Barletta Russo, Parcels, May/June sellers 19/1-1/2.

Wheat, South Australian, Parcels, June sellers 23/6.

LONDON SILVER.
London, May 28.

Silver—Market is quietly steady

Spot	19-1/2
Forward	19-1/2

LONDON GOLD.
London, May 28.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £6-16-8-1/2

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.
New York, May 28.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 10-1/4.

LONDON METALS.
London, May 28.

	£
Copper Braziers	45-1/4
Yellow Metal	37
Spelter Hard Indian Brands..	14-7/8
Corrugated Sheets 25 Gauge..	16-5/8
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F.O.B.	234

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, May 28.

	£
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	16-1/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	131
P. & O. Banking Corporation..	10-3/4
National Bank of India ..	46-1/2
Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90	113
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961	102-5/8
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent...	66
Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later	77
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	90
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	110-1/4
Consols 2-1/2 per cent. ..	77-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952.	102-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent. ..	111

SEEDS.
London, May 28.

Cottonseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, no offers.

Castorseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, May/June sellers £9-17-6.

Rapeseed Toria, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, May/June sellers £10-16-3.

LINSEED.
London, May 28.

Linseed Calcutta (London) c.i.f. per ton, May/June sellers £12-15-0.

Linseed La Plata, Hull c.i.f. per ton May/June sellers £11-5-0.

Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. per ton, May/June sellers £12-18-9.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 29.

Following unchanged prices in New York, our market opened at Rs. 198 1/2 for J-A. and advanced to Rs. 199 1/4 on some Japanese buying.

Liverpool opened unchanged as expected but on continued buying by operators and option dealers, the rate rose further and touched Rs. 200 1/2, easing at the close at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach J-A. 200/4
Broach A-May 204.
Oomra July 178/4
Oomra D-J. 178
Bengal July 134/8
Bengal D-J. 139/8

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, May 29

	Extra sprfine	sup fine	F	G good
M.G.—				
Bengal U P ...	139	136	133	128
Punjab ...	139	136	133	128
Rajputana ...	139	136	133	128
Oomra No. 3	184	181	179	175 ...
C. P. No. 1	197	194	192	188 ...
C. P. No. 2	190	187	185	181 ...
Broach No. 2 ...	204	201	199	197
Punjab-Ame	213	210	208	206
Surat ...	264	261	258	255
Rajpipla ...	262	259	256	253
Navsari ...	266	263	260	257

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 29

Bengal Superfine	145
Bengal Fine	142
Bengal F G	139
Sindh-Punjab Fine	142
Sindh-Punjab F G	139
Wardha-Hingt	188/91
Nagpur Savner	188/91
Pundhurna	181/83
Yeotmal	180/82
Arvi	180/82
Ellichpur	180/82
Amraoti-Berar	174/75
Khamgaon	174/75
Mulkapur	166/68
Khandesh	166/68
Jalna/Sailu	167/69
Burwah Sanavad	180/81
Broach Fine	206/07
Punjab/American	209/14
Punjab/American mix	204/07
Cambodia	-
Miraj/Sangli	211/14
Compta Good	189/90
Bagalkot	184/89
Kampala	328
Busoga	325
Jinja	321

COMMODITY RECEIPTS.
Bombay, May 29.

Receipts of various commodities into Bombay up to noon on Monday, 28th May 1934:—

	Cwts.
Wheat	22,097
Linseed	46,185
Rapeseed, Rai and Mustard seeds	272
Gingellyseed	635
Poppyseed	235
Groundnuts	36,306
Castorseed	8,427
Rice	7,669
Myrabollams	1,172
Cottonseed	4,812
Gram	6,528
Joowar	682
Barley	146
Bajree	718
	Tons.
Coal	874

DAILY COTTON STATISTICS

Bombay, May 29.
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.
Khandesh	560	259,225
Central India	86	199,009
Barsi and Nagar	71	160,940
Hyderabad-Gaorani	287	43,850
Berar	1,210	413,365
Central Provinces	332	103,466
Total Oomras	2,546	1,179,855
Dholera	945	79,409
N.-W. Provinces	...	8,529
Rajputana	71	46,187
Sind-Punjab	295	167,939
Broach	815	319,474
Coompta & Dharwar	537	32,952
Westerns-Northerns	...	24,965
Cocoanada	...	132
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	26,684
Persian	...	1,419
American	...	26,379
Egyptian and African	276	130,860
Comilla, Burma and other sorts.	...	24
Total	5,485	2,044,808

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st. Sept. to 24th May.

In full pressed Bales. —

	Yesterday	This year
Europe	361	324,761
Japan and China	8,126	690,295
Coast Ports	...	14,790
Up-country by Rail	...	97,922
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	19,554
Total	8,487	1,147,322

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, May 29

A better feeling prevailed in the Silver market to-day and after opening at Rs. 53-13-6, Rs. 53-14 and Rs. 54 for ready, June and July, while there was not much change in the price level, the tone was steady to better.

Later, on continued buying by local operators the rates advanced further and closed at Rs. 54-1, Rs. 54-2 and Rs. 54-4 for ready, June and July.

In the Gold Section, there was quite a good buying by some prominent cotton operators and rates for ready, June and July were firm at Rs. 33-15, Rs. 33-15-3 and Rs. 33-15-6.

At the close the rates were better by an anna allround.

LINSEED OILS.
London, May 28.

Linseed Oils Naked London, per cwt., June sellers 23/0.

Linseed Oils Naked London, per cwt. Sept./Dec. sellers 22/6

WALL-STREET MARKET

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of New York Stock Exchange.

New York, May 28
Dollars.

Amer Power and Light 5 per cent P A	20
Amer Forn Power Com	8
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	20
Electric Bond Common	15
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	42
Consolidated Gas	33
Columbia Gas	13
American Tel and Tel	114
Western Union Telg	44 1/4
Radio Corp	8
Chesapeake and Ohio	46 1/2
New York Central	28 7/8
Baltimore and Ohio R R	24
Erie R R	19
Pennsylvania R R	31
Union Pacific R R	125
Great North Pfd	21
National Distillers	28
Hiram Walker	36
Distillers Seagram	16
Amr Tobacco B	72
Dupont de Nemours	86
Goodyear Tyre	29
Amr Tel and Tel	12
Amr Locomotive	25
Bethelehem Steel	34
United States Steel	41 3/8
American Smelting	40
Int Nickel of Canada	26 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	14 1/2
Kennecott Copper	20
Cerro de Pasco Copper	35
International Harvesto	33
Ford Motors of Canada 'A'	21 1/2
General Motors	33
Peckard Motor	4
General Electric	20
Philips Petrol	19
Mid Con Petroleum	13
Atlantic Refining	25
Socony	15 7/8
Plymouth Oil	12
American Radiator	14
Eaton Mfg	19
Chase Bank	27 1/2
National City Bank	27 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	410
Celanese Corp of Am	25 1/2
General Foods	32
National Dairy	17
Remington Rand	10
U S Rubber	19
Montgomery Ward	24
Budd Mfg	6

Market looks sold out and support at present level. U. S. Steel works operating 46 per cent.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, May 29

Foreign advices being better, there was good busines being done in local Linseed to-day and the rate was Rs. 7-8-9 for September, at the opening of the session. On profit taking, however, at 2-30 p.m. the rate was a bit easier at Rs. 7-8-3.

Later, on continued speculative buying due to reduced Indian crop estimate of 3,72,000 tons, the rate firmed up again and was quoted at Rs. 7-9.

The Wheat section was also comparatively steady and the rate for September was Rs. 4-3-9, half an anna beter than that ruling yesterday.

In sympathy with rising Linseed, Wheat also advanced later and the highest touched was Rs. 4-5-3.

RAIN TO CONTINUE IN BURMA

Western Disturbance Causes Thunder-storms In Punjab

POONA, May 28.

The western disturbance has passed away eastwards after causing widespread thunderstorm and rain in the Punjab, Kumaon Hills and local rain in Kashmir iwth scattered light thunder-showers in the North-West Frontier Province and the plains of the East and North Punjab. There has also been nearly general rain in lower Burma while a few falls have occurred in Upper Burma. Assam, Bengal and Orissa.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Port Blair half; Akyab three. Mergui, Tavoy, Bassein and Kyaukpyu one; Maymyo half; Cox's Bazar one and a half; Chittagong half; Gauhati quarter; Mukteswar three-quarters; Mussorie quarter; Sonamarg half; Srinagar. Simla and Parachinar quarter.

Forecast: Fairly widespread rain will continue in lower Burma and a few falls will occur in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal and Kashmir.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 29th May 1934.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .17 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.9 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.6 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 92.8 degrees (1.8 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 81.8 degrees (1.4 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 67 per cent.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 29TH MAY 1934.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.7deg F, a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.03 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.81 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Securities Continue Easier

MILLS AND INDUSTRIALS FURTHER ADVANCE

BOMBAY, May 29

The local Stock Exchange, quite in keeping with yesterday's activity, today opened about last levels and further gains were made in values all round. In the security section, there was little doing and the tone was easier throughout; the 3 1/2 per cent. Government Paper after opening at Rs. 89-0-6 remained stationary and closed easier at Rs. 89.

Mil shares were better throughout and quite a volume of business changed hands at advancing rates.

Bombay Dyeings closed at Rs. 694-6: Central India were at Rs. 228-12 and Kohinoors were at Rs. 130. There was quite a good jump in Morarjis which closed at Rs. 737-8 against the last close of Rs. 695.

In the Industrial Section, Cements gained further in values, Indian Cements closing at Rs. 383-12 and Katnis at Rs. 328-12.

Tata Powers scored high and closed at Rs. 1055. While Andhras were done at Rs. 1366-4.

Tata Hydros and Steel shares were as usual quite in good demand.

In Bombay Burmas the decline seemed to have been arrested to-day and after touching Rs. 433-12 the lowest, closed better at Rs. 437-8.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, May 29.

		Rs.	as
100	Ah. Advance	272	8
500	Bom. Cotton	20	0
250	Bombay Dyeing	694	6
250	Bradbury	91	4
100	Century	220	10
100	Central India	228	12
100	Colaba	78	2
100	Coorla	93	2
100	Crescent	7	4
250	Currim	5	0
250	David	60	0
250	Dawn	401	4
1	E D Sassoon	0	1-9
100	Elphinstone	0	12
1000	Finlay	81	4
1000	Framji Petit	95	0
100	Gokak	124	6
1000	Hindustan	1625	0
100	Indore	82	8
50	Kastoorchand	0	8
100	Khatau	49	12
100	Kohinoor	130	0
250	Laxmi	650	0
100	Madhowji	4	0
250	Madras United	65	0
1000	Morarji	737	8
250	Model	46	8
50	Mysore	90	0
200	New Great	113	2
100	Osmanshahi	N60	0
100	Phoenix	261	4
25	Sassoon Silk	30	0
1000	Sholapur	2,900	0
50	Simplex	75	0
100	Swadeshi	180	0
100	Swan	37	8
25	Tata	9	12
500	Vishnu	1406	4
1000	Western	725	0
	BANKS		
50-100	Baroda	91	0
25-50	Central	27	0
500	Imperial	1357	8
125-500	Imp. Conty.	339	6
50-100	India	108	0
5	Union	4	8
	CEMENTS		
10	Bundi	28	2
70	Gwalior	92	0
250	Indian	383	12
40	Katni Def.	1280	0
100	Katni Ord.	328	12
75	Okha	166	4
10	Punjab	17	10
100	Shahabad	316	14
70	United	93	0
	INSURANCE		
15-10	Jupiter	11-	5
15-75	New India	33	10
200	Oriental	4025	0
10-100	Vulcan	7	7
	ELECTRIC		
100	Ahmedabad Old	139	6
1000	Andhra Valley	1386	4
10	Ajmer	7	14
50	Bombay Tram	137	8
100	Bombay Suburban	133	12
10	Broach	10	8
100	Karachi	202	8
100	Poona	187	8
100	Surat	171	4
100	Tata Hydro	139-	11
1000	Tata Power	1055	
	RAILWAYS		
500	Ahm. Prantej	827	8
100	Amr. Patty	114	0
100	C Provinces	85	12
100	Dhon. Baramati	87	0
100	Gujarat	62	8
100	Mandra Bhon.	36	0
100	Pachora Jamner	81	0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 29.

SETTLEMENT.

3½ per cent G P N Sett.	89-0-0
3½ per cent G P N Cash	89-1-0
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett.	103-9-0
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash	103-10-6
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett.	116-1-6
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash	116-3-6
TAX FREE.	
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	103-14
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	115-6.
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	109-4-0.
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L	105-10.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. (CASH.)

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	98-6-0
4 per cent 1934/37	100/9
4 per cent 1943	104-5
4 1/2 per cent 1934	100/13
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	109-12.
5 per cent 1939/44	107-12.
5 per cent 1940/48	108-10.
5 per cent 1935	103-2-0.
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	108-12.
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B	105-2-0.

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLES.)

4 per cent B P T	1974 98-12
4 per cent M Deb.	1974 99-0.
5 per cent M Deb	1959 108-12.
6 per cent M Deb.	1954 119-12.
6 per cent K P T	1956 119-12.
6 1/2 per cent B I T	1937 108-8

Note:—The 3½ per cent Government Paper opened at Rs. 89-0-9 and closed lower at Rs. 89-0. The tone was easier and the volume of business was negligible.

100	Sara Sirajgunj	83/4	
500	Tapti Valley	747	8
	MININGS		
10	Shivrajpur	17	8
30	Tata Steel	238-8	
75	Tata Steel Ord.	66-10	
	MISCELLANEOUS		
100	Alcock	175	0
60	Belapur Sugar	212	8
100	Bombay Steam	278	12
125	Bombay Burma	437	8
8sh	B B Petrol	2	12
50	Bombay Telephone	95	8
100	Ind. Bleaching	111	14
100	Indian Radio Ord.	552	8
100	Indian Radio Ord.	463	12
1000	Port Canning	573	12
15	Scindia	9	6
30	Tata Construction	68	4
25	Tata Oil	16	6
	PREF. SHARES.		
7	per cent Andhra Vly.	1230	0
6	per cent Bom Steam	276	4
7	perr cent Bom. Trams	78	12
5	per cent Central India	476	4
7	per cent. Katni 1st	125	0
7	per cent Katni 2nd	136	4
7-1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	13	4
7	per cent Tata Hydro	126	4
7-1/2	per cent Tata Power	1301	4
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	170	10
7	1/2 p c Tata Steel 2nd	134	0
5-1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	17	8
7	per cent. Vishnu	650	0

Remittances To British Treasury

(In pounds sterling.)

Sterling purchased in India during the week ending the 26th May 1934 20,000 the same from 1st April to 26th May 1934 7,382,000.

Net transfers to the Home Treasury from Paper Currency Reserve in England from April 1 to May 26 is 2,250,000.

Total 20,000; 5,132,000.

Treasury Bills Sales

A Press Communique says:—

Tenders for Rs. one crore of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 29th May 1934. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,38,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-0 received approximately 83 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount of accepted tenders was Rs. 1,00,00,000 and the average rate annas fifteen and pies ten per annum.

Tenders for three months' Bill to the amount of Rs. 1,00,00,000 will be received on Tuesday, the 5th June 1934. Successful tenderers should make payment of the amount of accepted tenders on Friday, the 8th June 1934. Other conditions are as usual.

DRAWING FOR REDEMPTION OF STOCK

Bombay, May 29

Messrs. The Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., request us to publish the following:—

"In connection with its issue of First Mortgage Debenture Stock, the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., will, in accordance with clause 2 of the condition, endorsed on the stock certificates, hold a drawing for the redemption of stock on the Bombay Register at their Registered Office, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, at 3 p.m. on the 5th June 1934 of a certain amount of Debenture Stock for purposes of redemption.

A simultaneous drawing will be held on the same day and at the same hour at Cape House, New Broad Street, London, E. C. 2., in respect of stock registered on the London Register."

SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, May 29.

Castorseeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 27/2/6; Closing Rs. 27/4.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Openig Rs. 24; Closing Rs. 24/8.

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BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, 1934

TWO YEARS R. I. FOR LABOUR LEADER

PROGRESS OF SCIENCE

Dr. Metcalfe On Potentialities Of Indian Academy At Bangalore

TRUCE TO ALL CONTROVERSIES

HEBBEL, (Bangalore), May 28.

Before a distinguished gathering this evening Dr. E P Metcalfe, Vice-Chancellor, Mysore University, inauguarated a series of scientific meetings of the Indian Academy of Sciences at the Chemistry Theatre of the Indian Institute of Science.

Dr. Metcalfe said that the academy had august potentialities for the future, standing in much the same relation to Indian science as Royal to English Science.

"I should have felt happier as Chairman and adherent of this Academy had its foundation been effected in less disturbed atmosphere. A body of the kind this academy aspires to become is now a real national need in India in view of the remarkable progress of scientific researches during the last twenty years. The quality and volume of work now turned out call for an Indian institution with co-ordinating authority and in continuous activity corresponding to the Royal Society in England, as distinct from the Science Congress which is but a popular body of periodical activity."

TRUCE TO CONTROVERSIES

"While absolutely no misgiving existed on such broad points the independent action of two agencies endeavouring to conduct preliminaries complicated the situation. The academy has been already registered here while the Science Congress Committee having in process of consideration the constitution and functions of such a body has circularised a manifesto complaining of precipitate action here. Far from trying to judge between these two, I would invite both the parties to fix their attention rather on the greater part of the field of view they have in common than on comparatively small region of divergence. Controversies carried beyong a certain stage are apt to lead to permanent disharmony. No effort should be spared to ensure the maintenance of good relation among scientists in this country."

Dr. Metcalfe hoped that the avenue of negotiations would soon be opened whereby both may arrive at mutually satisfactory understanding. In India local patriotism is a marked phenomenon but Bangalore, for one viewing it dispassionately presented solid advantages, providing combination of facilities and a twelve-month working year, which few Indian cities possessed, besides having at hand a capable personal element with the necessary reputation to lend the academy initial prestige.—A.P.

ABOLISH UNTOUCHABILITY AND PURDAH

U. P. Rajputs For Eradication Of Social Evils

(From A Correspondent)

AGRA, May 28.

The annual conference of the United Provincial Kshatriya Yuvak Sangh commenced at Yajnabhunie, a village in the Agra district on the 26th instant. Kunwar Raghubarsingha Chauhan presided.

The president in his opening speech stressed the removal of untouchability through marriage reform, the establishment of panchayats, female education and the abolition of the purdah system.

TOWARDS PROGRESS

On the second day, the proceedings began after the Subjects' Committee meeting. Resolutions demanding special facilities for Rajputs in the military service, the spread of education amongst Rajputs, the complete removal of untouchability and the organization of volunteer corps' for 'civil' resistance against social evils were unanimously adopted.

Cochin Harbour Development

CONFERENCE AT SIMLA

Govt. Of India To Take Over Control From Madras Govt.

SIMLA, May 29.

The long-postponed Conference on Cochin Harbour Construction will take place in Simla on June 11, to determine the conditions on which, the fourth stage of the harbour construction, would be proceeded with.

Sir Joseph Bhore will represent the Government of India and there will be associated with him, Sir Frank Noyce and Sir Nripendra Sarkar.

Mr. Raisman will act as Secretary to the Conference. The Conference will not be postponed any further.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru will represent the Cochin Government and Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyer will represent Travancore, while the Madras Government's representatives will be Sir K. V. Reddi, the Law Member and Sir Hopetoun Stokes, Finance Member. The Conference is expected to last three days.

At present the British Indian side of the port's jurisdiction is borne by the Madras Government which has contributed with the Travancore and the Cochin Governments, to the cost of its development.

The Government of India will take charge of this jurisdiction and reimburse the Madras Government's expenditure when the annual trade of the port reaches the sum of 15 crores of rupees. At present it is about eleven crores.—A.P.

CLASH BETWEEN STRIKERS AND "BLACK-LEGS"

Women Workers Picket Mills

A serious clash between Strikers and Blacklegs, at Naigaum Cross Road, in which two persons were injured and a minor disturbance in front of the Gold Mohur Mills, when Strikers indulged in stone-throwing and smashed the glass-windows of the Mills——these were the outstanding events which occurred in the Mill-area on Tuesday morning, the 36th day of the Strike.

With picketing maintained in front of eight mills, the Strike continued with undiminished vigour.

The Millowners, however, claim that 23 mills are being kept open, but it is admitted the attendance is not at all satisfactory.

Fierce Skirmish

There was a fierce skirmish between Blacklegs returning home from the Kohinoor Mills after night shift duty, and a body of Strikers, at Naigaum Cross Road, early on Tuesday morning, in which soda-water bottles and stones were used as missiles.

The fight lasted for some minutes and according to the Police version, two Blacklegs, Babu and Jairam, were injured in the encounter. The Strikers, however, say that the casualty list is ten injured.

Invaded Mill

Later in the day at about 10-30 a.m. a party of Strikers invaded the mill-gates of the Gold Mohur Mills at Naigaum and indulged in demonstrations. Some of them threw stones at the mill, smashing some glass window panes and injuring one worker, inside the Mills.

Women-workers took a prominent part in the picketing activities.

BIG FALL IN MILL ATTENDANCE

Strikers Alleged To Have Stoned Head Jobber's House

(From Our Correspondent).

KURLA, May 29.

The textile strike situation at Kurla took an ugly turn last night, when about 50 strikers are alleged to have indulged in stone-throwing at the house of a head Jobber last night, as a result of which Dagadu Master and two others were injured. The head Jobber is detained for treatment in the Government dispensary at Kurla.

Mr. Sharpe, the Superintendent of Police, Mr. R. L. Shinde, Circle Inspector, visited the scene of offence and made personal inquiries.

The Swadeshi Mill opened this morning with 629 operatives only, showing a decrease of 185 in attendance over yesterday's figure.

PROCESSIONISTS' IN FREE FIGHT

Police Effect 20 Arrests After Separating Combatants

ONE KILLED AND 25 INJURED

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) May 29.

One man was killed and 25 persons were injured and removed to hospital as a result of serious fracas which occurred among members of a Hindu marriage procession at Karwan a suburb of Hyderabad.

It appears that the parties who were hostile to each other met as guests at wedding at which from argument they came to freefight. Lathis and brickbats were freely used by combatants who were only separated by the police who rushed to the scene.

Twenty persons have been arrested in this connection and more arrests are expected.—A. P.

MATRICULATION RESULTS

The Full List of Successful Candidates WILL APPEAR IN "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" On Friday

DARING THEFT FROM RLY. DEPOT

2,000 Pounds Of Dynamite Stolen: Great Sensation Prevails

AJMER, May 29.

Great sensation has been created by the reported removal of 2.000 pounds of dynamite from Udaipur-Chitor Railway Depot at Khambighat, where the construction of a new Railway line is in progress.

Both Udaipur and British Indian Police have been vigorously active in investigating the matter and unding the clue as to how could this daring theft have been committed.

The Superintendent of Police of Ajmer Merwara had been to Khambighat. Some employees working in the Depot have been taken to police custody. Further enquiries are proceeding—United Press.

Only 200 Pounds Stolen

LATER.

Apropos of a Delhi newspaper's report of the theft of 2,000 pounds of dynamite from a railway depot at Khamighat on the Udaipur Chitor Railway, the official version shows that only about 200 pounds of dynamite were stolen on May 9.—A. P.

FAMOUS PIANIST IN COLOMBO

COLOMBO, May 29.

Alexander Brovsky, the world famous pianist, was in Colombo yesterday on his way to Java where he will give a series of concerts before returning to Europe to play in Holland at the end of August.

Last afternoon, Brovsky played some Bach and Chopin at a private party in Colombo.

Brovsky expects to give a public recital in Colombo in the first week of August on his way back.—United Press.

"SUPERINTENDENT WAS NOT VIGILANT"

LARKHANA, May 29.

A great sensation was caused in the court of Sub-divisional Magistrate when Bakht a villager, a witness of the prosecution side in the defamation case filed by Mr. Hobson the Superintendent of Police against the editor of a vernacular daily, admitted that the Superintendent was not vigilant and that he had to tell him thrice to follow the dacoits before they really started. They were thereby one hour late and the dacoits had run away.—United Press.

The Madura police seized on May 26 last three unlicensed revolvers, one of which was country-made and was seized from a member of Kalla tribe found travelling in a bus.—Reuter.

Ranadive Found Guilty Of Sedition

Magistrate Holds Accused Incited Workers To Violence

Holding that he was guilty of delivering a speech which in effect was a clear incitement to violence and bloodshed calculated to overthrow the Government of India, the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay sentenced on Tuesday morning, Mr. B. T. Ranadive, a labour leader and General Secretary of the Red Flag Girni Kamgar Union, to rigorous imprisonment for two years.

Mr. Ranadive was charged with sedition in respect of a speech delivered by him at a meeting held at Chowpaty on March 4 last in connection with the celebration on the "Unemployed Workers" Day.

In the course of the judgment the Magistrate made the observation that speech of the accused must be read as a whole in a fair, free and liberal spirit and not with an eye of narrow criticism.

He prefaced this remark by saying that the essence of the crime of sedition consisted in the intention with which the language was used and the intention had to be judged primarily by the language itself. If the intention of the speaker was to excite the feelings of disaffection or hatred towards Government it was immaterial whether the words were true or false or whether or not the words did not in fact excite such feelings.

Meaning Of Imperialism

Commenting on the speech of the accused the Magistrate said that in the very beginning the accused had said that by the holding of the meeting, the hungry, starving workers were declaring war against starvation, against unemployment, against capitalism and against imperialism.

Regarding the interpretation of the word "imperialism" the Magistrate remarked no doubt in politics and in economics this word did not connote the Government of the country but that it was more a system or policy of Government than Government itself. But in all cases of sedition the Magistrate remarked, the effect of the speech as a whole had to be considered and not etymological or the dictionary meaning of particular words.

"To Declare War"

The Magistrate further pointed out that a speech made at a time of profound peace and contentment might not excite bad feelings but might at a time of agitation and unrest excite intense hatred towards Government. Considering the speech as a whole his wordship thought that the accused clearly intended to convey to his hearers that they should be prepared to declare war and that war was to be carried on against the capitalists and Government and that they should be prepared to overthrow Government, and for that purpose be prepared to shed their blood and the blood of their opponents.

Commenting on that part of the speech, the Magistrate said that if the speech had contained nothing else, one could have had no objection, and it might have been held that "imperialism" referred to the system of Government and that "war" was intended to convey nothing more than agitation or struggle. It had to be remembered that the accused was addressing an ignorant and illiterate audience consisting mostly of unemployed or as he (the accused) called them "hungry, starving workers."

Invitation To Violence

Quoting another portion of the speech the Magistrate considered that it was a clear incitement to violence and bloodshed. It enlarged the idea of how to make the British Government uneasy. In other words, the accused advocated revolution. The accused when he urged the audience to revolution and called the rule by Government an oppressive rule was received with cheers. This, in the opinion of the Magistrate, indicated the effect of the speech of the accused on the minds of the hearers.

"In my opinion the effect that would be left on the mind of any one hearing the speech would be not only to excite contempt for Government but to rouse feelings of hatred and disloyalty to it. I therefore convict the accused. The speech is a clear incentive to violence and bloodshed and made at a time of great unrest and trouble which, I think, aggravates the offence."

Mr. C. M. Eastley, Officiating Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution, while Mr. A. R. Gadkari with Mr. Godambe defended the accused.

It is understood that Mr. Ranadive is to be prosecuted on another charge of sedition along with Mr. S. G. Sardesai. This case has been posted to June 5.

THREE MONTHS FOR "YOUNG WORKER"

Magistrate Thinks It Unfortunate He Started So Young

Mr. S. B. Tambitkar, Secretary, Young Workers League was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment on Tuesday by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, for having made a speech at the Strikers' meeting at Naigaum on 23rd April last.

In it, he was alleged to have exhorted the strikers to assault the police, and trample down the police order.

The accused in a statement made before the Court on Tuesday, admitted having made the speech referred to by the prosecution and admitted in the main the correctness of the speech as reported by Sub-Inspector Baburao Kunsavlikar, C.I.D., Special Branch.

At the resumed trial on Tuesday, arguments on behalf of the prosecution and the defence was heard.

In the course of delivering judgment the Magistrate remarked "I consider it rather unfortunate that a man of twenty-two should have started so early in life to print the cult of violence."

CHARGES AGAINST LABOUR LEADER

CALCUTTA, May 28.

Charges under Section 18 of the Press Emergency Powers Act read with Section 109 I.P.C., were framed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day against Bankimchandra Mukherjee, Labour leader, for distributing, aiding and abetting the publication of May Day manifesto.

The accused pleaded not guilty.—A.P.

A Hindu mass meeting was held at Mynegaon yesterday with Mr. Pillay, M.L.C., in the chair, when resolutions supporting the Temple-Entry and Untouchability Abolition Bills were adopted.

FIVE YEARS' R. I. FOR EXTORTION

Three Men Sentenced For Demanding Money For Terrorist Purposes

CALCUTTA, May 28.

Mahomed Saleuddin, Mahomed Ibrahim and Rames Chandra Das were each sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment by the Special Magistrate, Alipore, on charges of extorting money for terrorist purposes.

The prosecution alleged that the accused used to write letters to persons demanding money for killing Mr. McCormick Sharpe, President of the Chittagong Tribunal which sentenced Surya Sen to death and threatened the addressees with death if money was not paid. Thus they received Rs. 350 from one person.

They next demanded money from a jeweller and when one of the accused called on him to receive payment he was arrested by the police who had been previously informed.—A.P.

PILGRIM DROWNED WITH SON

Tragedy While Worshipping Sea God

MADRAS, May 28.

A tragedy overtook a pilgrim party from Hyderabad (Deccan) consisting of a man whose name is stated to be Basavayya, his wife aged 25 and child at Triplicane beach yesterday evening.

It appears that they arrived at Madras yesterday 'en route' to Rameswaram. They went to the beach to worship the sea God. The husband who sat in knee deep water was suddenly swept off by a wave into the sea. His wife with the child in her hands rushed to his rescue and in her attempt to reach him was herself carried away by the current. She struggled and was thrown back on the shore but the child was drowned as also her husband. The woman was nearly demented with grief. A passerby took her to the Triplicane station.

Basavayya's body was found washed ashore, but the child's body was not recovered.—A. P.

STAND BY PEASANTS

Mahatma Expects Gujarat To Do Her Duty

BROACH, May 29.

Dr. C. M. Desai of Broach, who issued an appeal on May 24, for a fund of Rs. 5,00,000 with Mahatma Gandhi's acquiescence has good reason to hope that the amount would be subscribed in due course as a token of sympathy with the heroic self-sacrifices of the cultivators of Gujarat.

The cultivators stand in sore need of financial support before the rains set in, so that they might acquire agricultural holdings and equip themselves with the accessories of farming.

Mahatma Gandhi, who endorsed the decision of Dr. Desai and his comrades, pleadingly appeals to men of means in Gujarat to stand by the gallant cultivators who are at present in the grip of squalid poverty.—United Press.

Ahmedabad Prepares For Mahatma's Arrival

AHMEDABAD, May 29.

Brisk preparations are being made to accord a rousing reception to Mahatma Gandhi, when he arrives here at the end of June. A special reception committee has already been formed. Arrangements have been made for all the Harijan leaders to meet Gandhiji during his stay here. Gandhiji will stay here near the Harijan Ashram in Sabarmati.—A.P.

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